2000
RESPONSIBILITY AND ACCOUNTABILITY FOR COLLEGE INFORMATION AND TRANSACTIONS

1. General
College administrative processes, systems, and forms provide electronic and manual mechanisms for business and administrative functions such as finance, student, student financial aid, and human resources. Use of College information and systems is restricted to authorized College business and administrative users. This policy defines the specific responsibilities of individuals who request, initiate, approve, and/or review business and administrative transactions and reports. These individuals are accountable for fulfilling the responsibilities defined in this policy.

2. Deans, Directors, and Department Heads
Deans, directors, and department heads define designated individuals in their organizations who are authorized to process business and administrative transactions. Deans, directors, and department heads are responsible for exercising good judgment, upholding ethical standards, and should have internal procedures in place to ensure periodic review of designations and related training.

2.1. Authorizing and Processing Transactions
Each of these two functions, authorizing transactions and processing transactions, carry distinct responsibilities listed below. If the functions are performed by the same person, that individual is accountable for both sets of responsibilities.

2.1.1. Requesters
The requester is the individual who identifies the need for the transaction and authorizes the request to be processed. The requester is responsible for:
- determining the validity and appropriateness of the transaction; and
- evaluating the transaction for compliance with contractual requirements.
This individual will be accountable for fulfilling the above responsibilities, exercising good judgment, and upholding ethical standards.

2.1.2. Initiators and Originators
Initiators/Originators are individuals who have been authorized by a dean, director, or department head to enter transactions into electronic business or administrative systems and/or prepare paper forms. If the Initiator/Originator is not the requester of the transaction, the Initiator/Originator should make sure he or she has designated authority to initiate a transaction. Departments should develop procedures for documenting requests. Initiators/Originators are also responsible for:
- ensuring the electronic transaction and/or form is complete and accurate;
- verifying all backup documentation;
- notifying approvers and requester if a transaction will cause an account to go over budget;
- ensuring compliance with administrative processes; and
ensuring deadlines are adhered to in submission of the transactions.

Initiators/Originators are accountable for fulfilling the above responsibilities, exercising good judgment, and upholding ethical standards.

2.2. Departmental Approvers
Approvers are individuals designated by deans, directors, or department heads to review and approve electronic transactions and/or forms before they are released for processing. Depending on the type of transaction and the level of risk, there may be more than one individual required to approve a transaction. However, the first-level approver is responsible for:

- conformity with budget;
- verifying the appropriateness of the transaction; and
- ensuring compliance with College policies and procedures.

Subsequent approvers are primarily responsible for acceptance of the added risk associated with high dollar and/or risk transactions. Approvers will be accountable for fulfilling the above responsibilities, exercising good judgment, and upholding ethical standards.

3. College Information
All individuals authorized to process, approve, and/or review transactions and reports are responsible for the proper use of any information they view. Department heads or designees are responsible for a monthly review of transactions affecting their business and administrative processes to ensure appropriateness of transactions and conformity with approved processes including budget.

4. Sanctions
Individuals who do not demonstrate due care and good judgment in the administration of their duties may be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including, discharge.

2015

CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AND MONITORING

1. General
Monitoring the performance of contractors is a key function of proper contract management and administration. The purpose of contract management and monitoring is to ensure that the contractor is performing all duties in accordance with the contract, the financial interests of the College are protected, and the College is aware of and addresses any developing problems or issues on a timely basis. When a contract is executed a Northern New Mexico College employee is appointed as the contract owner and is responsible for monitoring the contract for proper execution and performance from the start date of the contract through completion and final payment. For the purposes of this policy, a "contract" is defined as a written agreement between two (2) or more parties intended to have legal effect, including Memorandums of Understanding, Memorandums of Agreement, Nondisclosure Agreements, and Letters of Understanding.
Requests to exempt contracts from the requirements of this policy must be approved in writing by the Vice President for Finance and Administration. This Policy does not apply to research, and sponsored project contracts or agreements which are monitored in accordance with applicable rules, regulations, and policies.

2. Contract Owner

2.1. Role and Responsibilities
The contract owner is responsible for monitoring that contract requirements are satisfied, services are delivered in a timely manner, safety and risk issues are addressed, and required payments are made. The contract owner is also responsible for striving to resolve discrepancies and timely reporting of any unresolved discrepancies and/or problems to the administrator who signed the contract or agreement.

2.2. Monitoring Procedures
The procedures a contract owner uses will vary depending on the size, level of risk, and complexity of the contract.

2.2.1. Contracts Less Than $20,000
Contract less than $20,000 should be monitored for performance to ensure services conform to the contract requirements. The contract owner should report the status on all open contracts less than $20,000 at the close of each fiscal year and upon completion of the contract.

2.2.2. Contracts $20,000 and Above
This policy requires a higher degree of monitoring for contracts $20,000 and above. For these contracts, the contract owner should review the contract to identify deliverables and develop a monitoring plan/checklist for each contract taking into account the level of risk. General factors used to assess the level of risk include, but are not limited to:

- the dollar amount of contract;
- negative impact to the College’s safety and/or reputation if the contract is not executed properly and on time;
- the contractor’s past performance; and
- how experienced the contractor is with the type of work to be performed.

The contract owner will provide quarterly updates to the administrator who signed the contract or agreement. At a minimum, the contract owner should perform the following contract monitoring procedures:

- Monitoring the contractor’s progress and performance to ensure services conform to the contract requirements. Depending on the nature of the contract the contract owner may need to conduct one or more site visits.
- Documenting required contractor visits, tests, and significant events.
- Reviewing required reports submitted by the contractor demonstrating compliance.
- Resolving disputes in a timely manner.
- Verifying receipt of contract deliverables in accordance with the contract terms and maintaining detailed supporting documentation.
- Reviewing contractor’s invoices and reconciling and verifying payments consistent with the contract terms and maintaining proper documentation.
- Reviewing compliance with applicable laws, regulations, and policies and consulting with the applicable College department if there are any concerns.

2.3. Poor or Under Performance by Contractor
If a contract owner determines that the contractor’s performance is not acceptable, the contract owner should notify the responsible Northern New Mexico College administrator identified on the contract review form. This administrator in consultation with the Business Office will determine the appropriate action, which may include withholding some or all of payment.

3. Reporting
The contract owner is responsible for reporting the following information on a timely basis to the administrator who signed the contract or agreement.
- report any unresolved discrepancies and/or problems;
- prepare quarterly status reports for contracts $20,000 or above; and
- prepare a final report when the contract is completed.

SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS

1. General
Northern New Mexico College collects and maintains confidential information, including social security numbers (SSNs) of its students, staff, faculty and individuals associated with the College. Northern recognizes the importance of the proper handling of SSN’s in order to protect personal privacy and minimize the growing risks of fraud and identity theft. The Federal Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. Sec. 552a) is the federal law that regulates the collection of SSNs. This law makes it illegal for federal, state or local government agencies to deny any rights, benefits or privileges to individuals who refuse to disclose their SSNs unless the disclosure is required by federal statute or the disclosure is to an agency for use in a record system which required the SSN before 1975. This Act applies to Northern. The Federal Privacy Act also requires that any agency that requests SSNs must inform individuals asked:
- whether the disclosure is mandatory or voluntary;
- what the authority is for requesting the SSN;
- what uses will be made of the information; and
- the consequences, if any, of failure to provide the information.

2. Collection of Social Security Numbers
Where IRS or other federal regulations require Northern to report SSN, we require individuals to provide us with that information.

2.1. Notification Statement
In all instances when Northern requests an individual to supply his/her SSN, it must indicate in writing:
- whether the disclosure is mandatory or voluntary;
- by what authority the number is requested;
- the uses which will be made of it; and
- the consequences, if any, of failure to provide the SSN. All statements must be approved in advance by the Office of Human Resources

2.2. Employees
Employees are required to provide their SSNs on payroll/personnel, health insurance, and retirement forms.

2.3. Students
Students are required to provide their SSNs for admission, financial aid, and student housing contracts. Students unable to provide a SSN will be assigned an alternative number.

2.4. Other Individuals
Other forms that request disclosure of SSNs, and proposals by departments to collect SSNs for any purpose must be approved in advance by Office of Human Resources. The provision of SSNs in such cases must be strictly voluntary and individuals who decline to disclose the number may not be denied any rights, benefits or privileges.

3. Disclosure of SSNs by Northern
An individual's SSN is personal information and shall not be released by Northern to outside individuals or entities, except:
- as allowed or required by law;
- when permission is granted by the individual;
- when the outside individual or entity is acting as Northern’s contractor or agent and appropriate security measures are in place to prevent unauthorized dissemination to third parties; or
- when the Office of Human Resources has approved the release.

4. Northern Identification Numbers
Northern does not use SSNs as primary identifiers for students or employees. Any exception must be approved in writing by the cognizant vice president. Students and employees are assigned a Banner identification number to allow access to records and to transact business with Northern. These numbers remain the property of, and are subject to, Northern's rules. Northern identification numbers are not accorded the same confidential status as SSNs.

5. Use of SSNs
The following guidelines must be followed by Northern employees with access to SSNs:
- SSNs will be transmitted electronically only through secure mechanisms as determined by ITS;
- paper and electronic documents containing SSNs will be disposed of in a secure fashion; and
student grades and other pieces of personal information will not be publicly posted or
displayed using either the complete or partial SSN for identification purposes.

6. Report Collection, Use, and/or Storage of SSNs
Departments that collect, use and/or store SSNs must submit a report to the Director of Human
Resources documenting the reason for collection, the handling processes in place to ensure
protection of SSNs. Reports must be made within ninety (90) days of beginning collection, use,
and/or storage of SSNs, whichever is later. In addition, departments must review SSN procedures
annually and report any changes to the Director of Human Resources.

2040
IDENTITY THEFT PREVENTION PROGRAM

1. General
The College’s Identity Theft Prevention Program is designed to detect, prevent, and/or mitigate
identity theft in connection with the opening and maintenance of student and employee covered
accounts. Covered accounts are accounts that involve or are designed to permit multiple
payments or transactions. Examples include, but are not limited to, student financial aid
accounts and Bookstore accounts. The Identity Theft Prevention Program defines processes and
procedures to guide employees in departments involved with covered accounts in identifying and
responding to patterns, practices, or specific activities (Red Flags) that indicate the possible
existence of identity theft. Red Flags generally fall within one of the following four categories:
suspicious documents, suspicious personal identifying information, suspicious or unusual use of
accounts, and/or alerts from others (e.g. customer, identity theft victim, or law enforcement).
Examples of Red Flags include, but are not limited to, documents that appear to be forged or
altered, conflicting demographic information, mail returned as "undeliverable" although
transactions continue on the account, or a notice or inquiry from a fraud investigator.
This policy applies to the entire College. It outlines employee responsibilities, processes, and
required training pertaining to Northern’s Identity Theft Prevention Program and ensures
compliance with the Fair and Accurate Credit Transactions (FACT) Act of 2003 and the
accompanying requirement (section 114) to develop and implement a written Identity Theft
Prevention Program (16 CFR Part 681, aka "Red Flags Regulation" or "Red Flags Rule").

2. Program Responsibility

2.1. Vice President for Administration and Finance
The Vice President for Administration and Finance is responsible for:
- implementing the Identity Theft Prevention Program,
- conducting periodic reviews of compliance with the Program,
- ensuring compliance with the Program's training requirements, and
- approving material changes to the Program as necessary to address changing
  identity theft risks.

2.2. Departments
Deans, directors, and departments heads of areas that work with covered accounts are
responsible for implementing departmental processes for complying with this policy and
ensuring that employees responsible for compliance attend required training. Employees in these departments are responsible for:

- complying with the Program,
- identifying relevant Red Flags appropriate for their operations,
- implementing policies and procedures to detect the Red Flags,
- responding appropriately to prevent and mitigate identity theft,
- attending Red Flag training, and

2.3. Information Technology Services (ITS)
The Director of Information Technology shall provide technical support to departments and the Vice President for Administration and Finance.

3. Preventing and Mitigating Identity Theft

3.1. Required Training
Employees involved in student registration, financial aid, student billing and collections, Bookstore sales, and any other area involved with covered accounts must attend training on recognizing and responding to potential identity theft indicators (Red Flags). Every individual currently performing the aforementioned duties must complete this training within one hundred twenty (120) days of the effective date of this policy. All individuals newly performing such duties must complete this training within their first thirty (30) days of starting to perform these duties.

3.2. Identity Verification
To facilitate detection of standard Red Flags, staff will at a minimum take the following steps to obtain and verify the identity of the person.

3.2.1. New Students/Accounts
- Whenever possible, require identifying information (e.g. full name, date of birth, address, and government issued ID, insurance card, etc.).
- When available, verify information with additional identifying documentation such as a credit card, utility bill, medical insurance card, etc.

3.2.3. Existing Accounts
- Verify validity of request for changes of billing address.
- Verify identification of customers before giving out personal information.

2050
GOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS AND LEGISLATIVE ACTIVITY

1. General
Federal and state support is extremely important to the teaching, research, and public service mission of the College. Through this support, the College can enhance current programs and develop resources to support future programs. To ensure effective development and management of governmental support and compliance with federal and state laws and regulations, the College coordinates contact with elected officials through the College’s Office of Institutional Advancement
2. Office of Institutional Advancement

With a comprehensive overview of the College's legislative activity, the Office of Institutional Advancement serves as a clearing house for legislative requests to ensure a consistent message of the College's priorities and to ensure legislators are not approached by multiple Northern constituents at the same time. The Office of Institutional Advancement establishes relationships with elected officials, matches requests for information with the appropriate Northern representatives, and works closely with students, faculty, and staff to ensure the College presents a unified image to the legislature.

2.1. Establishment of Northern’s Legislative Priorities

The Office of Institutional Advancement will coordinate an inclusive and transparent process which provides students, faculty, and staff an opportunity to participate in the development of the College's priorities. This is a year-round process that includes open forums, committee meetings, and legislative hearings during the nine (9) months leading up to the legislative session. Therefore, it is important that students, faculty, and staff become involved early in the process so their concerns and suggestions can be effectively addressed at the appropriate stage of the priority setting process. Legislative priorities are approved by the Board of Regents, at the recommendation of the President.

2.2. Speaking or Acting on Behalf of the College

In the limited circumstances where individuals are authorized to speak or act on behalf of the College, they must notify the Office of Institutional Advancement to ensure compliance with federal and state laws and regulations regarding governmental, legislative, and political activities which include the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995, the New Mexico Governmental Conduct Act, and the New Mexico Gift Act. Activities covered by these laws and regulations include not only actions that attempt to influence the action of any legislative body, or federal, state or local governmental agency, but also contact with certain senior officials, ministers, and other designated public office holders.

2.3. Notification of Contact with Elected Officials

The College encourages employees to have good professional relationships with state and federal elected officials and to be responsive to their questions and requests for information. However, many contacts with elected officials may be considered by state and federal law to be official lobbying on behalf of the College. To ensure compliance with related laws and regulations and the accuracy and completeness of responses, it is important that employees notify the Office of Institutional Advancement before contacting elected officials.

3. Personal Opinions Expressed to Federal, State, and Local Officials

While all members of the College community are free to express their political opinions and engage in political activities to whatever extent they wish, it is very important that they do so only in their individual capacities; do not use College resources; and avoid the appearance that they are speaking or acting for the College in political matters. It can be difficult for members of the public, including reporters and legislators to differentiate between an official College position and a personal opinion; therefore, employees should take care to stipulate that the
personal opinions expressed are their own and not necessarily those of the College. The College recognizes and approves the right of free speech and expression of opinion on any subject by any member of the College community, whether the subject relates to on-campus or off-campus issues.

2110
LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE CALLS

1. General
Only long distance calls for official Northern business should be charged to the College. Charging long distance telephone calls for personal or other non-College purposes is prohibited and constitutes misuse of College funds. Personal calls made from College telephones must be charged to the caller's home telephone or personal credit card, to the called party, or to another non College source. If an emergency situation requires an employee to charge a personal long distance call to the College, the employee must reimburse the College. Since the call is charged to the department, reimbursement is made to the department's account.

2. Authorization to Place Long Distance Calls at College Expense
Each individual who is authorized by a department to place long distance calls for College business will be issued an individual authorization code which can be used to place calls from College phones. Calling cards are issued to individuals who place long distance calls for College business from non-College phones. Authorization codes and calling cards are issued to individuals by the College Information Technologies. Long distance charges are billed to the account specified by the requesting department. Information Technologies provides departments with invoices itemized by authorization code and calling card numbers which enable a department to monitor long distance calls. Departments should maintain long distance telephone logs to ensure the accuracy and appropriateness of College long distance charges and reconcile the logs to the invoices provided by Information Technologies. Charges billed to an account in error should be reported to Information Technologies.

2.1. Security
Individuals assigned long distance authorization codes and calling cards are responsible for ensuring the security of the codes and cards, and should not disclose or share them with others. Individuals should report compromised authorization codes or lost calling cards to Information Technologies immediately.

2.2. Deactivation
When an individual transfers to another department, his/her authorization code and/or calling card is deleted and a new authorization code and/or calling card is issued and charged to the new department. Upon separation from the College, the employee must return all calling cards to the Information Technologies Department. The department requesting authorization codes and calling cards is responsible for notifying Information Technologies of an employee's change of status and requesting that authorization codes and/or calling cards be deactivated. Any charges incurred by the continued use of an authorization code or calling card due to a department's failure to request that they be deleted or changed will be billed to the responsible department's account.
3. Reimbursement for College Business Long Distance Calls
Long distance calls made for College business purposes using an employee's personal telephone services (including a personal calling card, cell phone, or home phone line) may be reimbursed. The employee must attach a copy of the telephone invoice with the pertinent calls highlighted and an explanation of the expense to the applicable form.

2140
USE AND POSSESSION OF ALCOHOL ON COLLEGE PROPERTY

1. General
The use and possession of alcohol is prohibited on College property, except as authorized herein. For the purposes of this policy, the use of alcohol refers to the possession, service, or consumption of alcoholic beverages. This policy governs the use of alcohol on College property. It applies to students, student organizations, faculty, staff, College departments and other entities, and visitors. This policy applies to property owned, leased by, or operated by the College and to all events sponsored by the College or its subunits. It does not apply to property owned by the College and leased to others, unless it would otherwise apply.

Northern recognizes that alcoholic beverages are legal commodities that may be used responsibly by persons of legal drinking age. The College also recognizes that alcohol use may lead to significant individual and societal harm. This policy is intended to reduce alcohol-related harm while allowing for the legal, safe, and responsible use of alcohol. The College also recognizes that diversity of opinion and freedom of choice are the foundations of institutions of higher education, and that the use of alcoholic beverages by those of legal age is a matter of personal choice. Individuals who choose to use alcohol on College property in accordance with this policy must comply with state law and College policies and procedures, and conduct themselves responsibly, mindful of the rights of others.

2. Use of Alcoholic Beverages
Northern employees are prohibited from drinking alcoholic beverages or being under the influence of alcoholic beverages during working hours, or while operating or riding in a College vehicle.

The use of alcohol on College property is prohibited except as follows or where licensed.

2.1. Receptions or Other Social Functions
Alcohol may be used at receptions or other social functions sponsored by a College department or other unit when approved by the College President or designee in advance, in writing. Such events should normally involve special guests of the College or otherwise be a non-routine occurrence, such as a reception for visiting dignitaries or a reception in connection with an academic conference. The reception or function must be by invitation only and held in a location that can reasonably be closed to the public. The following additional restrictions apply:

- Only beer and/or wine may be served.
1. Sale of alcohol is prohibited, except as allowed in Section 2.3. Cash bars and entrance fees intended to help defray the cost of providing alcoholic beverages are prohibited.

2. Service of alcohol at office parties or similar office social events is prohibited.

3. Receptions or other social functions are subject to the restrictions listed in Section 5.2. herein.

2.2. Research
Alcoholic beverages may be used for research. Such functions must be approved in advance, in writing, by the President or designee.

2.3. Licensed Locations
Alcoholic beverages may be sold and served at any College location possessing a legal license to sell and serve alcoholic beverages. Approval by the President or designee is not required.

2.4. Food Preparation
Alcohol may be used in food preparation in College food production areas.

3. State Law
State law governs many aspects of the consumption and serving of alcohol. All individuals who use and/or serve alcohol on Northern property must comply with the applicable legal requirements.

4. Purchase of Alcohol
The purchase of alcohol with College funds is prohibited except as follows:

4.1. Alcohol may be purchased for research. The purchase must be approved in advance, in writing, by the College Controller after recommendation by the cognizant dean or director. See Section 2.2. herein for approval requirements of function.

4.2. Alcohol may be purchased by any Northern holder of a legal license to sell and/or serve alcoholic beverages pursuant to its license. Approval by the President or designee is not required.

5. Procedures
5.1. Request for Approval
A department requesting a function authorized by Sections 2.1. and 2.2. herein must complete a Request to Serve Beer or Wine on College Property and send it fifteen (15) business days prior to the reception or function to the Vice President for Finance and Administration for review. All requests will then be forwarded to the President's Office for approval. If an entity outside the College co-sponsors any event, the co-sponsor must obtain liquor liability insurance in the amounts required by the College. Proof of insurance must be sent to the Vice President for Finance and Administration’s office no later than ten (10) business days prior to the event. The College must be named an additional insured.
5.2. Restrictions
Whenever alcohol is used on College property, the following restrictions apply:

- The sponsors must take precautionary measures to ensure that alcohol is not used by persons who appear intoxicated; and/or who are under the age of twenty-one (21).
- Sponsors must follow principles of good hosting which include having non-alcoholic beverages and food available, and providing planned programs. The use of alcohol shall not be the sole purpose of any activity.
- Non-alcoholic beverages must be available at the same place and be as noticeable as the alcoholic beverages.
- A reasonable portion of the budget for the event shall be spent on food.
- Any form of a "drinking contest" in activities or promotions is prohibited.
- There shall be no kegs or use of devices that facilitate the rapid ingestion of beer or other alcoholic beverages, such as "beer bongs," and no sale of alcohol.

5.3. Promotional Materials
Alcohol shall not be mentioned in any promotional materials developed or distributed by the College for an event and shall not be used to encourage participation.

6. Chartered Student Organizations
Chartered student organizations must comply with state law, this policy, and to any provisions in the Chartered Student Organization Policy governing the use of alcohol.

7. Education, Support Groups, and Services for Alcohol-Related Problems
In light of social and health problems associated with alcohol abuse, the College will provide educational services to faculty, staff, and students about alcohol-related problems. Students, faculty, and staff may get assistance from the following College programs.

7.1. Consultation and Referral for Alcohol Related Problems
The following College programs provide consultation and/or referral for alcohol-related problems:

- Student Counselor--students only
- CARS--faculty and staff only

2150
ALCOHOL-RELATED ADVERTISING, MARKETING AND SPONSORSHIP

1. General
This policy governs sponsorship and advertising by businesses that provide, sell, market, or distribute alcoholic beverages on College property or at College events. Advertising is any
advertisement, signage, label, logo, packaging, imprint, sales promotion activity or device, public
relations material or event, merchandising, or other activity or communication that has the
obvious intent of promoting or marketing a non-College product, service, event, or organization.
Businesses that provide, sell, market, or distribute alcoholic beverages are permitted to sponsor
or co-sponsor a College event, subject to the provisions of this policy and provided that the
primary audience is of legal drinking age. Sponsorship means that a College department or unit
is actively involved in the event itself.

Northern recognizes that alcoholic beverages are legal commodities that may be used responsibly
by persons of legal drinking age. The College also recognizes that alcohol use may lead to
significant individual and societal harm. This policy is intended to reduce the potential for
alcohol-related harm while allowing for the legal, safe, and responsible use of alcohol. The
College has the right to refuse any advertising, marketing, or sponsorship. Any allowed
advertising, marketing, or sponsorship shall not adversely affect the College’s reputation.

Alcohol beverage advertising and marketing programs and materials:
• shall not contain indecent or profane material or demeaning, sexual, or discriminatory
portrayal of people;
• shall support campus alcohol education programs that encourage informed and
responsible decisions about the use or nonuse of alcohol;
• shall not encourage any form of alcohol abuse or emphasize amount and frequency of
use;
• shall not violate the principles of the College's Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity
Policy;
• shall not portray drinking as a solution to problems or an aid to social, sexual, or
academic success;
• shall not provide alcoholic beverages as awards or prizes;
• shall not encourage alcohol use or imply that alcohol use improves tasks that require
skilled reactions such as sports, driving, or operating machines; and
• shall not imply the College’s endorsement.

3. Advertising and Promotions
Informational marketing programs shall have educational value and encourage the responsible
and legal use of the products represented. At a minimum, a statement such as "This company
supports the legal and responsible use of this product" must appear in all advertisements. Refer
to Standards for College Related Materials, 1010 for additional standards.

4. Authorization
The cognizant dean or director must approve sponsorship and promotional activities for the event
or program. The Dean of Students must approve the display or distribution of promotional
materials by chartered student organizations. Alcohol sponsorship, advertising, and marketing
related to Northern athletic events or facilities must be reviewed by the Vice President for
Finance and Administration and the Vice President for Institutional Advancement.

5. Publications
Student publications and publishers of non-promotional materials distributed on campus are
strongly encouraged to follow the above provisions.

2155

Public Access and Loitering Policy

Northern New Mexico College is a member of the New Mexico Public College System. The
President, as the chief executive officer has the responsibility for the operation and
administration of the entire campus. The President or any designated authorized personnel may
issue a trespass warning for violators of the Public Access and Loitering Policy and the
Solicitation and Commercial Activity Policy.

Although Northern New Mexico College encourages social interaction and the free exchange of
ideas, the College reserves the right to set the time, place and manner of public gatherings to
maintain an environment on campus that is conducive to learning. The College prohibits loitering
near academic buildings, adjacent spaces, classrooms and offices by members of the public who
are not authorized staff, faculty, or students registered at Northern. This policy applies to campus
visitors (non-College persons) who have not been authorized to use the College premises.
However, when a public meeting is conducted under the rules of the Open Meetings Act, and/or
when the public has been invited to activities planned by College entities; members of the public
are welcome to come to the designated location where the public meetings or activities are taking
place.

Non-College persons are allowed to use the common areas of the College during normal business
hours and are allowed to attend lectures, plays, games and other activities on the College campus
in the designated buildings or areas when such attendance is permitted by the sponsoring
organization. Non-College persons are permitted in non-common areas of the College, including
offices and administrative areas only when invited or on authorized College business. Non-
College persons are not allowed on College property except as authorized by this regulation.

Once the public meeting and/or activities have ended, visitors are required to leave the premises
and not wander around College buildings, halls or other offices where classes and business are
being conducted.

Students and recognized student organizations wishing to coordinate an event on campus must
request permission in writing at least 24 hours in advance from the Office of Institutional
Advancement (as per Northern’s Freedom of Expression and Dissent Policy (2200). Campus
visitors wishing to gather on campus or distribute material to students must request permission at
least ten (10) days in advance from the Coordinator of Student Activities or a designee from the
Office of Institutional Advancement.

The Northern New Mexico College campus, encompassed by its buildings, labs and other
outside spaces adjacent to buildings and extensions of these spaces and all areas within its
"footprint," but not limited to exterior seating areas, are intended for the use of students, faculty,
staff, authorized guests of the College, and participants in authorized on-campus activities.
Loitering or interfering with this intended use is prohibited, and violators will be required to
leave. Failure to comply with a request to leave will result in faculty or staff calling the Security
Office, and where necessary, contact to local authorities to request assistance and/or removal of unauthorized individuals from the premises. In addition, lounges and other non-reservable spaces cannot be utilized for interviewing or meetings that interrupt the usage of the space as intended, without the written permission of the Office of Vice President of Finance and Administration.

Walk-ins are welcome to visit Admissions, Advisement and other designated offices where College business is conducted, provided that the visitor has a legitimate, College/business related reason to visit these locations. While conducting College business, guests are required to have personal identification in the event they are asked to produce this information.

Where the President or his/her designee has reasonable suspicion that a person is violating or has violated the law, is violating or has violated any College regulation or policy, including, as applicable, the Student Code of Conduct and employee disciplinary procedures; is prowling, loitering, inappropriately using College facilities; is obstructing traffic or impeding entry or exit, damaging property, creating a hazardous or unsafe condition, disrupting College operations, making threats toward any person or College property whether implied or express, or who is creating an atmosphere not conducive to the use of such facilities by others, may be directed to leave the property and/or be issued a trespass warning by the President or his/her designee.

Nothing in the foregoing shall preclude or be interpreted to preclude or otherwise diminish the exercise of the statutory authority of security officers to request additional intervention from the local police department in accordance with the laws of New Mexico for violations of city, county and/or state or other applicable ordinances when such violations occur on any property or facilities which are under the jurisdiction of Northern New Mexico College security officers.

Any member of the College community that violates this policy will be subject to disciplinary action. The College, through the President or her designee, reserves the right to limit or ban access of any individual to College property or functions for violations of this policy.

**Solicitation & Commercial Activity Policy**

Northern New Mexico College and all other spaces designated in the above policy are solicitation and commercial free zones. Distribution of any type of materials (including but not limited to leaflets, fliers, gifts, surveys, brochures, posters, coupons, etc.), or solicitation of any type of goods or services to NNMC patrons or staff is strictly prohibited. Furthermore, the passing of petitions, distribution of written information, carrying of placards, and picketing are not allowed on campus property regardless of content. Commercial activity including solicitation, interviewing, recruiting, selling and distribution of flyers, petitions or other written information is also prohibited unless the commercial solicitor’s material, in the discretion of the President or her designee, supports the educational mission and purpose of the College and is given specific permission by the Office of Institutional Advancement. Soliciting or interfering with Northern’s intended use is prohibited, and violators will be required to leave and unauthorized material will be removed from tables, boards or any other places where unauthorized information has been placed.

Solicitation by departments and other College-affiliated programs will be allowed when permission has been granted prior to any distribution.
Definitions
(a) College students. Those persons who are currently enrolled at Northern or have been admitted, registered for upcoming classes or completed at least one credit at the College during the current academic year or high school students taking dual credit courses and/or continuing education courses during the duration of the course taken.

(b) College persons. Those persons who are faculty, staff or other employees, volunteers or agents of the College, and persons on College property fulfilling contractual obligations or authorized members of registered College organizations.

(c) Non-College persons. All other persons who are not classified above as Northern students or individuals including, but not limited to, visitors, invited guests, students of other institutions and employees of other entities, and persons who have applied but have not been admitted to the College.

(d) President’s designee. Any authorized security personnel and all Vice Presidents, Provost, and Deans of all levels.

(e) No Trespass Order. A warning that a person is not authorized to be on College property, or a portion thereof, and may be subject to arrest, criminal sanctions and civil penalties without further warning if he or she refuses to leave or returns at any time in the future. Trespass warnings may be either temporary or permanent and remain in full force and effect unless otherwise notified.

(f) Common areas. College areas generally open to non-College persons including, but not limited to, the library, cafeteria, food/vending areas, and bookstore/retail areas.

1. General
Street-side sales of specialty and hand-crafted items are an integral aspect of southwest culture and can contribute to the social and cultural environment of the campus. However, the presence of unregulated outdoor vendors on Northern campus impinges on and degrades the educational environment and the process of higher education. In addition, such unregulated vending mars the beauty and tranquility of the campus and contributes to unnecessary congestion, noise, and trash. Commercial vendors do not have the right to use College property free of charge.

1.1. Purpose
The purposes of this policy are to allow for outdoor vending, but in a controlled manner that:
- protects and preserves the academic environment of the College from unnecessary disturbance;
- protects and preserves the beauty and tranquility of the College environment;
- promotes health and safety of the College community;
• prevents commercial exploitation of students; and
• protects and preserves the College's proprietary interests in its property.

2. Application

2.1. Unauthorized Vending Prohibited
No person shall sell food, goods, or services or carry on a trade or business on College property without the expressed consent of the College.

2.1.1. Outdoor vending is governed by the provisions of this policy.

2.1.2. Vending within College facilities is prohibited unless authorized and approved in advance by the facility custodian such as the dean or director of the School, College, or Department.

2.2. Property Subject to Policy
This policy applies to Northern’s Main Campus, and El Rito Campus.

2.3. Private and Non-Profit Vendors
This policy applies to all private commercial and non-profit vendors not associated with the College who seek to sell goods or services on College property as described in Section 2.2. herein. This policy does not apply to vending or distribution by mechanical device which may be regulated by the College through a bid or procurement process. Food and beverage vendors are not covered by this policy. Experienced food and beverage vendors who wish to provide services on campus must contact the College Purchasing Department.

2.4. College Organizations
This policy also applies to vending by College organizations (e.g., departments, chartered student organizations).

2.5. Commercial Advertising or Speech
This policy does not apply to commercial advertising or speech.

2.6. Vendors to the College
This policy does not apply to vendors or owners or operators of commercial vehicles who are selling goods or services directly to the College or any officers, employees, or agents of the College for the conduct of College business or to other vendors conducting business on the College campus as authorized through the College procurement process. Refer to campus parking and traffic regulations for vendor parking permit information.

3. Authorized Vending Locations

3.1. Main Campus
Outdoor vending is allowed by private commercial and non-profit vendors or College organizations only as provided for in this policy and only in the areas designated by the permit. Permits and procedures will be issued by the Dean of Students.
College organizations and all commercial and non-profit vendors not associated with the College will be assigned a location on campus by the Dean of Students. In some instances, specific vending site permits will be issued in accordance with the procurement process used to select food and beverage vendors.

3.2. Vending in Residence Halls
Outdoor vending is allowed by private commercial and non-profit vendors or College organizations only under the provisions of this policy and only in the areas determined by the Dean of Students. Permits will be issued by the Dean of Students.

4. Vending Permits

4.1. Vending Without Permit Prohibited
Every private commercial and non-profit vendor must obtain a permit from the College and must also pay a fee in advance to cover the term of the permit. College organizations must obtain a permit for vending activities but are exempt from paying any fees for these activities.

4.2. Food and Beverage Vending
No permits shall be issued, under the scope of this policy, to vendors other than College organizations to sell food, beverages, or other ingestibles. Private commercial or non-profit food, beverage, or ingestible vending may be authorized by the College through its procurement process for specific site locations.

4.3. Special Events
The College reserves the right to close the campus or a portion thereof to regular vending on any particular day for special occasions and/or allow special vending opportunities. If permits have already been issued for that day, the College will refund the permit fee and provide the vendor as much notice as possible to the address and/or phone number indicated on the application form.

4.4. Permit Application
Permit applications for vending other than food and beverage vending on College property will be filed with and considered by the:

- Dean of Students

All applications shall include:

4.4.1. The applicant's name, address, and telephone number.
4.4.2. The name, address, and telephone number of the company or organization represented by the applicant.
4.4.3. A statement as to whether the applicant is a College organization.
4.4.4. The type of vending activity proposed.
4.4.5. The date, time, and duration as well as the location of the vending activity proposed.
4.4.6. The applicant's New Mexico Gross Receipts Tax Number; (non-College organizations);
4.4.7. The applicant's TIN/EIN - Tax Identification Number/Employer Identification Number (non-College organizations);
4.4.8. The applicant's SSN - Social Security Number.

4.5. Issuance of Permits
The Dean of Students shall determine the method for the issuance of permits and provide that such use does not interfere with or interrupt educational uses or other uses directly related to the operation of the College and subject to the provisions of this policy.

4.5.1. The College must determine that space is available at the time and location stated in the application.
4.5.2. The applicant must pay the required fee at the time of application. College organizations will not be required to pay these fees. The fees will be returned if the permit is not issued.
4.5.3. The applicant must furnish proof of a New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department Tax Identification Number (non-College organization).
4.5.4. By signing an application for a permit, the applicant shall agree to defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the College from and against all claims, costs, liabilities, charges, damages, and the like, arising out of the vendor's use and occupancy of College property.

4.6. Permit Fees
All fees are payable in advance. Fees will not be charged for College organizations. A fee schedule is published and subject to change with proper authorization and approval of the Dean of Students. The College may use an alternate fee schedule or make special fee arrangements for special events. Revenues returned to the College by food and beverage vendors are determined through the procurement process.

4.6.1. The proceeds from the permit fees will primarily be used to support student publications. Fees from credit card marketers will fund educational programming on credit and debt issues for students.

4.7. Vending Location
The exact vending location will be designated in the permit. The vending will be confined to the location assigned by the College in the permit.

4.8. Duration of Permit
The maximum period for which a vending permit will be issued at one (1) time is for an academic semester period or four (4) months.

5. Administration
5.1. Processing of Permits
Permit applications for vending on College property shall be filed and approved pursuant to Section 4, herein.

5.2. Requirements and Limits of Operation
In addition to the conditions stated in Section 4.5, herein, vendors and College organizations who have been issued permits shall observe the following rules:

5.2.1. Vending must be confined to the location designated on the permit and staffed at all times.
5.2.2. No vendor shall, by operating on College property, restrict access to College buildings or other facilities.
5.2.3. The vendor shall display its permit at all times while operating on College property.
5.2.4. The vendor shall keep the designated area free of trash and safety hazards.
5.2.5. The vendor will be held responsible for any damage or cleaning that is incurred as a result of the vending.
5.2.6. The use of sound amplification equipment or devices is not approved under this policy.
5.2.7. No vendor shall sell, display, or offer for sale any product or services which are prohibited by law, or inconsistent with College policy.
5.2.8. Permits are not transferable.
5.2.9. No vendor shall bring motorized vehicles into its assigned location.
5.2.10. No vendor shall use trees, bushes, benches, walls and other College property to display and/or hang merchandise. Vendors may not use College utilities, except for special events with the approval of the Dean of Students.

5.3. Revocation of Permits
The permit issuer shall have authority to revoke any permit if the vendor fails to comply with the terms of the permit or the provisions of this policy. In the event of revocation, no fees will be refunded to the vendor. Private commercial and non-profit vendors whose permits are revoked shall be prohibited from vending on College property for a period of not more than one (1) year.

2220
FREEDOM OF EXPRESSION AND DISSENT

1. General
As an institution that exists for the express purposes of education, research, and public service, Northern New Mexico College is dependent upon the unfettered flow of ideas, not only in the classroom and the laboratory, but also in all college activities. As such, protecting freedom of expression is of central importance to the College. The exchange of diverse viewpoints may expose people to ideas some find offensive, even abhorrent. The way that ideas are expressed may cause discomfort to those who disagree with them. The appropriate response to such speech is speech expressing opposing ideas and continued dialogue, not curtailment of speech.
The College also recognizes that the exercise of free expression must be balanced with the rights of others to learn, work, and conduct business. Speech activity that unduly interferes with the rights of others or the ability of the College to carry out its mission is not protected by the First Amendment and violates this policy.

2. Core Principle
Northern is committed to tolerate all peaceful speech activities carried out upon the campus unless those activities destroy or materially damage property, materially disrupt other legitimate College activities, or create a substantial health or safety hazard. This policy applies to all buildings, grounds, and property owned or controlled by the College.

3. Activities
3.1. Speech Activities
Speech activities protected by this policy include speechmaking, praying, the distribution of written materials, picketing, assembling in groups, demonstrating, sidewalk chalking, erecting symbolic structures, and any other actual or symbolic speech or conduct intended to communicate an idea.

3.2. Legitimate College Activities
Legitimate College activities include teaching, research, and public service; all of the administrative operations supporting those activities; and the performance of all College approved educational, commercial, research, professional or other activities by public or private contractors, tenants, or permittees. An activity scheduled under Section 4. herein is a legitimate College activity.

3.3. Materially Disrupting Activities
A speech activity materially disrupts other legitimate College activities when a reasonable person is unable to effectively perform a legitimate College activity because of the speech activity taking place. Examples of when a speech activity may materially disrupt other legitimate College activities include, but are not limited to:
- Conducting the speech activity at a volume that substantially disrupts the normal use of classrooms, offices, laboratories, and other College facilities or grounds;
- Physically preventing persons from entering or leaving a building or premises;
- Conducting a speech activity inside a building and not ending it at or before the close of the building's regular hours;
- Destroying or materially damaging any property; or
- Creating a substantial health or safety hazard.

4. Scheduling
Subject to the exceptions described in Section 4.1. below, scheduling to use College facilities for speech activities is not required. Users, however, should be aware that many facilities, both indoor (e.g. classrooms) and outdoor, are used for regularly scheduled activities that have priority over other uses. In order to reserve the desired space and avoid conflicts with other users, groups or individuals wanting to use a regularly scheduled College facility for a speech activity are encouraged to schedule it at least twenty-four (24) hours in advance with the Registrar’s Office, or the office that schedules the desired venue, as advised by the Office of Institutional
Advancement. Users who fail to schedule a speech activity that occurs and unduly interferes with a prior scheduled activity are in violation of this policy.

4.1. Scheduling Required
Because of size, safety, logistics, and other considerations, the following types of speech activities must be scheduled in advance:

- Assemblies or large events in Northern’s Fine Arts theater or Eagle Memorial Gym. Users must schedule such events following the procedures of the appropriate College office that oversees the facility.
- Planned demonstrations on campus. A planned demonstration is a public manifestation of protest, condemnation, or approval; taking the form of a mass meeting, procession, picket, or similar activity which is organized and promoted more than a day before the event. Users must schedule such events with the Office of Institutional Advancement at least twenty-four (24) hours in advance. This does not apply to spontaneous demonstrations for which there is no prior promotion or organization or where events do not allow at least twenty-four (24) hours notice in advance. In such situations, as much prior notice as possible must be provided to the Office of Institutional Advancement.
- Building a symbolic structure on campus; which must be scheduled with the Office of Institutional Advancement at least twenty-four hours in advance.

Scheduling does not operate as a process for prior approval of speech activities based upon content. Speech activities will be scheduled on a first-come, first-served basis for the requested location. Events will not be scheduled only if there is a scheduling conflict with an earlier planned event or if the requested event will clearly result in a violation of this policy. The viewpoint to be expressed through the speech activity is not a factor in scheduling. A decision not to schedule an event may immediately be appealed to the College President or Office of Institutional Advancement.

5. Enforcement
Any person violating this policy may be subject to:

- Institutional disciplinary proceedings under the Student Code of Conduct [in Student Handbook] if a student. Violations by faculty or staff will be referred to the appropriate department or academic unit;
- An order to leave the premises or property owned or controlled by the College by the police or a person in charge of the property; and/or
- Arrest for violation of state law(s).

2240
Respectful Campus

1. General
NORTHERN New Mexico College promotes a working, learning, and social environment where all members of the Northern community, including but not limited to the Board of Regents, administrators, faculty, staff, students, and volunteers work together in a mutually respectful, psychologically-healthy environment. Northern strives to foster an environment that reflects courtesy, civility, and respectful communication because such an environment promotes
learning, research, and productivity through relationships. Because a respectful campus environment is a necessary condition for success in teaching and learning, in research and scholarship, in public service, and in all other aspects of the College’s mission and values, Northern is committed to providing a respectful campus, free of bullying in all of its forms. This Policy describes the values, cornerstones, and behaviors that delineate a respectful campus and applies to all members of Northern’s community, including, but not limited to students, faculty, and staff.

2. Values
A respectful campus exhibits and promotes the following values:
• displaying personal integrity and professionalism;
• practicing fairness and understanding;
• exhibiting respect for individual rights and differences;
• demonstrating harmony in the working and educational environment;
• respecting diversity and difference;
• being accountable for one’s actions;
• emphasizing communication and collaborative resolution of problems and conflicts;
• developing and maintaining confidentiality and trust; and
• achieving accountability at all levels.

3. Cornerstones of a Respectful Campus
The commitment to a respectful campus calls for promotion of an environment where the following are upheld:
• All individuals have important contributions to make toward the overall success of the college’s mission.
• Northern’s mission is best carried out in an atmosphere where individuals at all levels and in all units value each other and treat each other with respect.
• Individuals in positions of authority serve as role models in the promotion of a respectful campus. Promoting courtesy, civility, and respectful communication is consistent with the responsibility of leadership.
• Individuals at all levels are allowed to discuss issues of concern in an open and honest manner, without fear of reprisal or retaliation from individuals above or below them in the college’s hierarchy. At the same time, the right to address issues of concern does not grant individuals license to make untrue allegations, unduly inflammatory statements or unduly personal attacks, or to harass others, to violate confidentiality requirements, or engage in other conduct that violates the law or College policy.
• Bullying is unacceptable in all working, learning, and service interactions.

4. Destructive Actions
Actions that are destructive to a respectful campus will not be tolerated. These actions include, but are not limited to:
• Sexual harassment – refer to Northern’s Title IX Policy Statement, 1320.
• Retaliation - Retaliation is any adverse action taken against an employee who has reported suspected misconduct when business related reasons do not exist for the action or the action is outside of regular practice. Some examples of retaliation are listed below.
  • Giving unwarranted negative performance evaluations to the reporting employee.
• Moving the reporting employee frequently and/or to undesirable locations, without legitimate business justification.
• Transferring the reporting employee, without legitimate business justification.
• Reprimanding the reporting employee, without legitimate business justification.
• Taking adverse salary actions against the reporting employee, without legitimate business justification.
• Suspending, demoting, or dismissing the reporting employee, without legitimate business justification.
• Creating a hostile work environment for other employees.

• Conduct which can affect adversely the College’s educational function, disrupt community living on campus, or interfere with the right of others to the pursuit of their education or to conduct their duties and responsibilities – refer to Northern’s Faculty Handbook and Staff Handbook,
• Conduct which compromises the College’s public and private resources, including partnerships
• Unethical conduct – Behavior that falls below or violates the professional standards for an educational setting. Examples of unethical conduct include
  • Disregard for policies and/or procedures
  • Unlawful conduct
  • Deliberate deception
  • Dishonesty
  • Demonstration of favoritism among colleagues and students
  • Disregard for the importance of diversity
  • Bullying behavior which is defined in Section 5. herein.

5. Definition of Bullying
Bullying can occur when one individual or a group of individuals exhibits bullying behavior toward one or more individuals. Bullying is defined by the College as repeated mistreatment of an individual(s) by verbal abuse, threatening, intimidating, humiliating conduct or sabotage that creates or promotes an adverse and counterproductive environment, so as to interfere with or undermine legitimate college learning, teaching, and/or operations. Bullying is not about occasional differences of opinion, conflicts and problems in workplace relationships as these may be part of working life. Bullying can adversely affect dignity, health, and productivity and may be grounds for corrective disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal. Northern’s Human Resources Department and Workplace Harassment policy, page 58 in the Staff Handbook can provide guidance for determining whether behavior meets the definition of bullying. Examples of behaviors that meet the definition of bullying above include, but are not limited to:

5.1. Physical Bullying
Physical bullying is pushing, shoving, kicking, poking, and/or tripping; assault or threat of physical assault; damage to a person’s work area or property; damage to or destruction of a person’s work product.

5.2. Verbal Bullying
Verbal bullying is repeated slandering, ridiculing, or maligning of a person or persons,
addressing abusive and offensive remarks to a person or persons in a sustained or repeated manner; or shouting at others in public and/or in private where such conduct is so severe or pervasive as to cause or create a hostile or offensive educational or working environment or unreasonably interfere with the person’s work or school performance or participation.

5.3. Nonverbal Bullying
Nonverbal bullying can consist of directing threatening gestures toward a person or persons or invading personal space after being asked to move or step away.

5.4. Anonymous Bullying
Anonymous bullying can consist of withholding or disguising identity while treating a person in a malicious manner, sending insulting or threatening anonymous messages, placing objectionable objects among a person’s belongings, leaving degrading written or pictorial material about a person where others can see.

5.5. Threatening Behavior Toward a Person's Job or Well-Being
Making threats, either explicit or implicit to the security of a person’s job, position, or personal well-being can be bullying. It is not bullying behavior for a supervisor to note an employee’s poor job performance and potential consequences within the framework of College policies and procedures, or for a professor or academic program director to advise a student of unsatisfactory academic work and the potential for course failure or dismissal from the program if uncorrected.

6. Reporting Destructive Actions
The destructive actions described in Section 4. herein should be reported in accordance with the applicable policies and procedures listed herein; however, extreme incidents may be reported directly to Northern’s Safety & Security Department. Bullying behavior should be reported as follows:

6.1. Students
An individual who believes a student has engaged in bullying behavior should report the behavior to the Dean of Students Office. All students who believe that a staff or faculty member has engaged in bullying behavior towards them may follow the procedures listed in Sections 6.2. and 6.3. below. Students may also report bullying behavior by contacting the Dean of Students Office.

If the bullying of students is based on race, color, religion, national origin, physical or mental disability, age, sex, sexual preference, gender identity, ancestry, medical condition, or spousal affiliation, it should be reported to Northern’s Human Resources Department.

6.2. Staff
An individual who believes a staff member has engaged in bullying behavior may report the behavior to Human Resources. Suspected bullying behavior will be reported and investigated in the same manner as misconduct.

6.3. Faculty
An individual who believes a faculty member has engaged in bullying behavior should follow
the procedures listed in Northern’s Grievance Policy & Procedures and Northern’s Title IX Policy Statement, 1320.

2290

ANIMAL CONTROL ON COLLEGE PROPERTY

1. General
Northern New Mexico College maintains an environment designed to support the education, research, and public service mission of the College. Since the presence of animals on College property can adversely affect the normal functions of the College, disrupt community living on campus, and interfere with the rights of others to participate in College activities by causing bodily harm to individuals, unsanitary conditions, and nuisances, the College has adopted the following policy pertaining to animals on campus. This policy does not apply to animals used by the College for teaching, research, therapeutic, or other authorized College activities.

2. Restrictions
All animals on College property must be on a leash and under the constant supervision and control of their owner/guardian at all times. Except for service animals, animals are not permitted in College buildings or facilities except as authorized by the appropriate dean, director, or department head. Animals may not be left unattended at any time on campus. Animals may not be tied or tethered to any College property, including, but not limited to buildings, railings, bike racks, fire hydrants, fences, sign posts, benches, and trees. Animals are not permitted on athletic fields or in flower gardens/beds, or fountains. Animals may not disrupt or interfere with College activities, including but not limited to teaching, research, service, or administrative activities. Owners/guardians are responsible for:

- ensuring their animals have all vaccinations and licenses required by applicable laws and ordinances;
- controlling their animals;
- cleaning up after their animals;
- any damage to property or injury to person caused by their animals; and
- complying with this policy and all state, county, and city laws pertaining to animal control while on campus.

3. Violations
Owners/guardians who violate this policy may be given a citation by Campus Security and may be subject to charges under the "Student Code. Any person may contact Campus Security to report a violation of this policy.

2295

SERVICE ANIMALS

1. General
In keeping with federal and state law, Northern New Mexico College recognizes its responsibilities to extend equal access to individuals with disabilities who use a Service Animal on College property. The College will not discriminate against individuals with disabilities who
use Service Animals nor, subject to the terms of this Policy, deny those persons access to programs, services and facilities of the College. This policy applies to individuals with disabilities and Service Animals as defined in federal law.

1.1. Service Animal
A service animal means any dog or other animal, except as otherwise specified, that is individually trained to do work or perform tasks for the benefit of an individual with a disability, including a physical, sensory, psychiatric, intellectual, or other mental disability. The crime deterrent effects of an animal's presence and the provision of emotional support, well-being, comfort or companionship do not constitute work or tasks for the purposes of this definition. Therefore, comfort or companion animals are not Service Animals. For safety and infection control purposes, Service Animals shall not include nonhuman primates, birds, amphibians, reptiles, fish, hedgehogs, prairie dogs, cats or rodents.

2. Applicability
This policy applies to all employees, students, and visitors of the College who qualify to use a Service Animal as an accommodation. To deem that a Service Animal is a reasonable accommodation, the following criteria must be met:
- the individual must have a disability as defined under federal law;
- the animal must meet the definition of Service Animal under federal law and serve a function directly related to the disability; and
- the request to have the animal must be reasonable.

A Service Animal shall be permitted in any area of the College that is unrestricted (not off limits to Service Animals due to codes or regulations) to employees, students or visitors provided that the Service Animal does not pose a direct threat, and that the presence of the Service Animal would not require a fundamental alteration of Northern policies, practices, or procedures. A person with a disability who uses a Service Animal on College property shall not be required to pay a surcharge. Any decision to exclude a Service Animal from a particular area of the College shall be made on a case-by-case basis. The College will take appropriate action to address violations of this policy, up to and including disciplinary action or removal from College property.

2.1. Direct Threat
A direct threat is a significant risk to the health or safety of others that cannot be eliminated or mitigated by a modification of policies, practices, or procedures, or by the provision of auxiliary aids or services. If the College determines that a Service Animal poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others in a building or portion thereof, access to the facility by the Service Animal will be denied. In determining whether a Service Animal poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others, the College shall make an individualized assessment, based on reasonable judgment that relies on current medical knowledge or on the best available objective evidence, to identify:
- the nature, duration, and severity of the risk;
- the probability that the potential injury will actually occur; and
• if there are reasonable modifications of policies, practices, or procedures that will mitigate the risk.

3. Inquiries by College Employees
A Service Animal must be trained to provide specific support services to the individual with a disability. Generally, when it is readily apparent that an animal is trained to do work or perform tasks for an individual with a disability (e.g. a dog is observed guiding an individual who is blind or has low vision or pulling a person’s wheelchair), Northern employees should not make otherwise allowable inquiries. If it is not readily apparent, College employees shall not ask about the nature or extent of the individual’s disability, but may ask if the animal is required because of a disability and what work or task the animal has been trained to perform. College employees cannot ask for documentation, such as proof that the animal has been certified, trained or licensed as a Service Animal. For College programs and/or classes held at non-Northern facilities, the owner of the property may require notification or verification of the Service Animal.

4. Responsibilities for the Care and Supervision of Service Animals
Individuals with Service Animals are responsible for managing and handling their Service Animals at all times while on College property, maintaining proper infection control measures, and are responsible for the behavior and activities of the animal. The individual is personally responsible for any damages to a facility caused by his/her Service Animal, including if the individual is a Northern student whose Service Animal has caused damage in a residence hall or classroom. Service Animals on College property must be:
• licensed in accordance with applicable state, county, or local laws or ordinances pertaining to the type of Service Animal;
• in good health and well groomed;
• housebroken (the individual with the disability is responsible for the proper disposition of any Service Animal accidental waste); and
• harnessed, leashed, or otherwise under the control of the individual with a disability (e.g. voice control, signals, or other effective means) such that the Service Animal does not disrupt or interfere with the ability of other users of the space or activity.

5. Removal of Service Animal
An individual with a disability cannot be asked to remove his or her Service Animal from the premises unless the animal poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others or the Service Animal and/or individual fail to meet one or more of the requirements of this Policy or federal laws and regulations. A history of allergies or fear of animals are generally not valid reasons for denying access or refusing service to individuals with Service Animals; however all situations will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis. If after careful evaluation removal is necessary, College employees should consider an alternative option for the individual to obtain the goods and/or services.

6. Students
A student who seeks to bring a Service Animal into a Northern classroom, laboratory, or other learning environment is required to register with Northern’s Accessibility Resource Center and follow the procedures established by that office for obtaining academic adjustments.
7. American with Disabilities Act (ADA) Coordinator
Any person dissatisfied with a decision concerning a Service Animal can contact the Americans
with Disabilities Act (ADA) Coordinator for Northern New Mexico College. Northern’s ADA
Coordinator is the Accessibility Resources Coordinator. The College’s Accessibility Resources
Coordinator will coordinate with the Dean of Students, as well as other appropriate College
resources to address individual concerns related to this policy.

2300
INSPECTION OF PUBLIC RECORDS

1. Introduction
Citizens in a democracy have a fundamental right to have access to public records. This right is
recognized by the New Mexico Legislature through the New Mexico Inspection of Public
Records Act, NMSA 1978, §§ 14-2-1 et seq. (“IPRA”), and by the New Mexico Supreme Court,
which stated in 1977 that a citizen’s right to know is the rule and secrecy is the exception. IPRA
provides that every person has a right to inspect the public records of this state, subject to certain
exceptions. “Public records” are defined by IPRA as all documents and records, regardless of
physical form, that are used, created, received, maintained or held by or on behalf of any public
body and relate to public business, whether or not the records are required by law to be created
or maintained.

2. General
The College is committed to fully complying with IPRA, and to making certain that pertinent
College policies conform to existing IPRA requirements. Nevertheless, the right of public
inspection under IPRA is subject to certain exceptions. The right of public inspection is limited
to existing public records, and the College is not required to create a public record that does not
otherwise exist. Exceptions to the right to inspect public records that are specifically listed in
IPRA include, but are not limited to, medical records, letters of reference concerning
employment, licensing or permits, matters of opinion in personnel or student files, confidential
law enforcement records, documents covered by the Confidential Materials Act, trade secrets,
attorney-client privileged information, and records that are considered non-public "as otherwise
provided by law." Listing every kind of record that is exempt from IPRA disclosure requirements
is not practical, and no attempt has been made in this and the related policies to interpret the
application of IPRA to every kind of record that may become the subject of an IPRA request.
However, some examples of records that the College considers exempt from public disclosure
under IPRA include employee Social Security numbers, personnel evaluations, opinions
regarding whether a person would be re-hired or regarding why an applicant was not hired,
proprietary and protected information provided by a third party, and data relating to intellectual
property or research that may result in patentable inventions, significant discoveries, or
publications. If a document contains both exempt and non-exempt information, the College must
separate the non-exempt material and make it available for inspection.

3. Custodian
The College Custodian of Public Records (the "Custodian"), is the official custodian of public
records for the College. The (President of the College) shall provide information on the
College’s website concerning how to contact the Custodian. The Custodian is responsible for:
• responding to all requests to inspect public records;
• determining whether requested records exist and where they are located, and working with the College’s legal counsel about any apparent legal issues related to producing records for inspection and possible denials of requests;
• providing proper and reasonable opportunities to inspect public records, including assembling the records as appropriate;
• providing reasonable facilities to make copies or furnish copies of the public records during usual business hours;
• consulting with intellectual property counsel for the College or for STC. NORTHERN regarding any requests that might involve disclosure of trade secrets or attorney-client privileged information related to intellectual property; and
• maintaining a log of all requests that include the date and nature of the request, a copy of the request, any correspondence relating to the request, date of the response, copies of all documents made available in the response, and any other pertinent information.

Only the Custodian, or a designee of the Custodian, may respond to requests for public records.

4. Procedure for Requesting Public Records

Public copies of certain College documents, including recent Regent agendas, the current salary book and the Detailed Operating Budget for the current and previous years are available for inspection through the Reserve Desk in the Ben Lujan Library. Other College publications which are of high interest because of the subject matter are also held for brief periods of time at the Reserve Desk. To view public records held by the College Archives, also located in Ben Lujan Library, the requester should contact the College Custodian of Public Records.

Individuals who want to inspect public records of the College other than medical or student records, or documents that are available in the Ben Lujan Library must submit a request to the Custodian, identifying the records sought with reasonable particularity. Oral requests are generally permissible, but the Custodian may, for good cause, ask the requester to make a formal request in writing. A written request must include the requester's name, address and telephone number. No person requesting records shall be required to state the reason for inspecting the records. Any College employee who receives a request for inspection of public records shall promptly forward the request to the Custodian and notify the requester that the request has been forwarded.

4.1. Notification that Information has been Requested.

If an IPRA request seeks information relating specifically to a particular individual or to a small number of individuals, such as a current or former employee or student or an applicant for employment, the Custodian will promptly give notice to each such individual of the request and the name of the requester. Such notice may be given by any means (including, for example, by telephone, e-mail or postal mail) that appears under the circumstances to be reasonably calculated to impart prompt actual notice to each individual who is the subject of the request. Within five (5) days after the Custodian has given such notice, any individual so notified may provide comments to the Custodian regarding the request or the requester. No individual who has been so notified may
prevent the Custodian from releasing the requested information if that information is
subject to public inspection under IPRA.

4.2. Time Required for Compliance
The time requirements in this section reflect the requirements of IPRA, and are based on
the date when the written request is delivered to the office of the Custodian. If the records
sought are subject to public inspection under IPRA, the Custodian shall permit inspection
sought by a written request immediately or as soon as is practicable under the
circumstances, but not later than fifteen (15) days after receiving such written request.
The custodian will strive to provide an opportunity to inspect the requested records
within three (3) business days. In determining whether permitting the inspection within
three (3) business days is reasonably practicable under the circumstances, the Custodian
may consider whether notice of the request has been given to any individual as provided
in Section 4.1., above, and if so, any comments that any such individual has provided to
the Custodian. If the inspection is not permitted within three (3) business days, the
Custodian shall explain to the requester in writing when the records will be available for
inspection or when the College will respond to the request. Excessively burdensome or
broad requests where compiling or copying documents may be unduly time consuming or
difficult may require more than fifteen (15) calendar days. In such cases, the Custodian
shall notify the requester within fifteen (15) calendar days of the need for additional time,
the reason for the delay, and the date the records will be available for inspection. If the
College does not respond to the requester within fifteen (15) calendar days, the request
will be deemed to have been denied and the requester may seek judicial remedies under
IPRA. For this reason, it is critical that written requests for public records be forwarded
to the Custodian immediately.

4.3. Cost of Providing Hard Copy Records
As permitted by IPRA, the College will normally charge for copying records in
accordance with the fee schedule published by the Custodian. If the estimated cost
exceeds ten dollars ($10), the Custodian should provide an estimate of the charges and
may require advance payment before making copies. If the College determines the
information primarily benefits the general public, the College may waive or reduce the
charges. The College may require payment of overdue balances before processing
additional requests from the same requester.

5. Denial of Request
If a written request is denied, in whole or in part, the Custodian must deliver or mail to the
requester a written explanation no later than fifteen (15) calendar days after the Custodian
received the written request. The explanation of denial must describe the records sought, the
legal reason for the denial, the names and titles or positions of each person responsible for the
denial, and the requester's right to pursue the remedies provided in IPRA. When a request is
denied, the requested records must be retained until remedies under IPRA have been exhausted.
Before a determination is made to deny a request, the Custodian shall consult with the Vice
President for Finance and Administration and, if necessary, legal counsel, to determine whether
denial of the request is permissible under IPRA and other College policies, including without
limitation. All Denial of Requests must be reported to the Board Regents at their next scheduled meeting.

2310
ACADEMIC ACCOMMODATIONS FOR
STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

1. Policy
In keeping with the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and the Americans With Disabilities Act of 1990, the College is committed to providing equal access to educational opportunities for qualified students with disabilities. The College shall provide reasonable academic accommodations to qualified students with disabilities as necessary to ensure equality of access to the courses, programs, services, and facilities of the College. However, students with disabilities are still required to adhere to all College policies, including policies concerning conduct and performance.

The student is responsible for demonstrating the need for an academic accommodations by providing College Accessibility Resource Center with documentation that establishes the disability, and the need for and appropriateness of the requested accommodation(s). Documentation must be provided by a qualified professional who has made an individualized assessment of the applicant. Appropriate documentation may include a letter from a qualified professional or evidence of a prior diagnosis, accommodation, or classification, such as eligibility for a special education program.

The College is responsible for all costs of academic accommodations. The following sections provide procedures for students, faculty, and staff on academic accommodation requirements.

2. Student Responsibilities
It is the student's responsibility to demonstrate the need for an academic accommodation by providing Accessibility Resource Center with documentation that establishes the disability, and the need for and appropriateness of the requested accommodation(s). Documentation must be provided by a qualified professional who has made an individualized assessment of the applicant. Appropriate documentation may include a letter from a qualified professional or evidence of a prior diagnosis, accommodation, or classification, such as eligibility for a special education program. Accessibility Resource Center can provide information on the kind of documentation that is required.

Accessibility Resource Center will determine a student's eligibility and, in consultation with the student, will determine effective and appropriate academic accommodations. Accessibility Resource Center may consult with other College departments, as necessary, in order to make a determination of eligibility and what academic accommodations are appropriate and reasonable. Accessibility Resource Center will provide the student with letters of accommodation to give to their instructors for each class requiring accommodations. Accessibility Resource Center is responsible for costs relating to academic adjustments that are part of instructional courses.

Once the student has established his or her eligibility for academic accommodations, Accessibility Resource Center will provide appropriate accommodations as expeditiously as
possible. Generally, accommodations will be in place within fifteen (15) working days; however, some adjustments can require a longer period of time to arrange. Therefore, students are encouraged to pre-register with Accessibility Resource Center before classes begin so that adjustments can be in place when needed at the start of the semester. If pre-registration is not possible, students should register at the start of the semester or as soon as the need for an adjustment becomes known, and Accessibility Resource Center will make every effort to accommodate the student’s needs as soon as possible. Requests received right at or after the start of a semester may result in the student being without the accommodation for part of the semester. Students should be aware that an academic accommodation does not apply retroactively, so that grades earned on exams, assignments, or other classroom activities before the adjustment takes effect will not be changed.

2.1. Faculty Responsibilities
Faculty members must provide students with the academic accommodations identified in the letter from Accessibility Resource Center. If the faculty member has questions or concerns, or needs help with making the modifications called for, he or she should contact Accessibility Resource Center. If a student discloses a disability to a faculty member and requests an academic accommodation but the student does not have a letter from Accessibility Resource Center, the faculty member should direct the student to Accessibility Resource Center. It is not the faculty member’s responsibility to decide whether the student has a disability and what accommodations are appropriate. Faculty can help the College meet its obligations to provide students with academic accommodations in a timely manner by stating on their class syllabus that students should inform them of any special needs as soon as possible. Students who do so should be referred to Accessibility Resource Center.

2.2. Appeal
In most instances the academic adjustment determination made by Accessibility Resource Center will be acceptable to the student and faculty. However, if that is not the case, the determination is subject to appeal. In addition, the student can appeal a determination by an academic unit that an accommodation would result in a fundamental alteration of a course or program. The Provost, or designee, will convene an ad hoc committee to consider the appeal. Members of the ad hoc committee will include representatives from relevant College departments as determined on a case-by-case basis. The ad hoc committee will make a recommendation to the Provost, or designee, whose decision on the appeal is final for the College. Every effort should be made to arrive at a determination of the appeal as expeditiously as possible.

3. Criteria for Determining Academic Accommodations
The College shall make academic accommodations for the known physical or mental limitations of a qualified student with a disability, unless the College can show that providing an adjustment would result in:
- a fundamental alteration of the service, course, program, or activity;
- an undue financial, administrative, or academic burden, and/or;
- a direct threat to the health or safety of the student or others.
3.1. Individual with a Disability
Disability is defined as a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities.
A physical impairment is a physiological condition, cosmetic disfigurement, or anatomical loss that affects one or more of the following body systems: neurological, musculoskeletal, special sense organs, respiratory, speech organs, cardiovascular, reproductive, digestive, genito-urinary, hemic and lymphatic, skin, and endocrine. A mental impairment is a mental or psychological disorder such as mental retardation, organic brain syndrome, emotional or mental illness, and specific learning disabilities

3.2. Qualified Student with a Disability
A qualified student with a disability is a student with a disability who meets the academic and technical standards required for admission and participation in the programs and activities of Northern New Mexico College.

3.3. Academic Adjustment
An academic accommodation is a modification or adjustment to instructional methods and/or to a course, program, service, or facility of the College that enables a qualified student with a disability to have equal access and opportunity to attain the same level of performance and to enjoy equal benefits and privileges as are available to similarly-situated students without a disability. Determining reasonable academic accommodations must be done on a case-by-case basis and in consultation with the student. The College is not required to provide the specific adjustment requested, but the accommodation must be effective to enable a qualified student with a disability to enjoy equal opportunity and access. All offers of accommodations are subject to applicable College policies.

3.3.1. Course or Program Modifications
The College shall provide such modifications to courses, programs, or educational requirements as are necessary and appropriate to enable a qualified student with a disability to enjoy equal opportunity and access. However, the College is not required to fundamentally alter the essential nature of a course or academic program. Reasonable academic accommodations may include, but are not limited to, extended time on an examination or paper, and oral instead of written examinations, where appropriate.

3.3.2. Auxiliary Aids and Services
Reasonable academic accommodation in the form of auxiliary aids and services may include, but are not limited to: note-takers, readers, Braille or large print materials, and sign language interpreters. However, the College is not required to provide devices or services of a personal nature such as personal attendants or personal devices utilized in activities of daily living.

4. Americans With Disabilities Act (ADA) Coordinator
The Americans With Disabilities Act (ADA) Coordinator for Northern New Mexico College is the Accessibility Resource Coordinator. Students who believe that they have been discriminated
against on the basis of a disability may contact the Office of Equal Opportunity to file a
complaint with the College’s Dean of Students

2400
Sponsored Programs Administration and Management

1. Definition of Sponsored Projects
Sponsored projects are externally supported activities with funds provided typically in response
to a request or proposal. A formal written agreement (i.e., a grant, contract, or cooperative
agreement) is entered by Northern and by the sponsor and generally contains the following
financial accountability elements:

- an agreement that binds the College to a detailed statement of work and commitment to a
  specified project plan with “start” and “stop” dates;
- a project schedule and a line-item budget, both of which are essential to financial
  accountability;
- a requirement to return any unexpended funds at the end of the project funding period or
  as described in the binding agreement;
- regular financial reporting and audit, including, for federal and state awards under the terms
  of the OMB’s 2 CFR 200 – Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and
  Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (hence referred to as the ‘Uniform Guidance’),
- the College’s full negotiated Facilities and Administrative (F & A) indirect cost rate,
  unless a waiver of those costs have been approved; and
- terms and conditions for the disposition of tangible properties (e.g., equipment, records,
  specified technical reports, theses or dissertations or intangible properties (e.g., rights in
  data, copyrights, inventions).

While not all the above conditions are necessary to define a sponsored activity, they are
indicative of the increased level of financial accountability associated with such projects.

2. Faculty and Staff Eligibility.
Persons eligible to submit proposals and act as Principal
Investigators (PIs) or PDs include tenured and non-tenured associate and assistant professors.
Other College staff and faculty (e.g., professors emeritus, visiting professors or visiting scholars)
are encouraged to submit proposals, but due to liability purposes must seek approval by the
appropriate dean and Provost/Vice President for Academic Affairs. Persons ineligible for PI
status may be identified as an associate investigator, but not as a Co-PI.

2.1. Student-Initiated Research.
Registered Northern students are eligible to submit
proposals and act as a PI to external sponsors only under the following conditions:

- An eligible faculty member agrees to serve as an advisor to the project and the
  sponsor is informed through a formal College letter of transmittal that
  identifies the faculty member and her or his role as the advisor;
- A school, center or institute is willing to accept responsibility for
  administrative and logistical coordination of the project;
- The sponsor agrees to ensure compliance with all College policies and
  regulations pertaining to the grant;
- The adviser must approve all commitments for project expenditures; and
- Joint periodic reviews must occur between the adviser and the student at least
once per semester during the project period.

3. Procedures for grant proposal drafting and submission

3.1. Proposal Drafting

- Individuals and/or departments interested in preparing a grant proposal must notify the VP of Institutional Advancement of the intent to draft a grant proposal. Notification may be done via email and should include the formal Call for Proposals (CFP) announcement.
- The Office of Institutional Advancement will coordinate a meeting to discuss the CFP, potential financial and programmatic implications on the college, overlap with other existing programs, and a timeline for proposal completion and submission.
- Depending on the nature of the grant, and other existing priorities, the Office of Institutional Advancement will provide support, as necessary, to ensure that proposals are submitted in a timely and highly competitive fashion, and in compliance with the Call for Proposals announcement.
- The Office of Advancement will assist in the development of a proposal submission timeline that includes a minimum of four business days for the Proposal Routing Process.
- The Project Director (PD) must consider the availability and use of space and personnel while constructing a proposal. If the proposal involves human subjects, animal subjects or hazardous substances, approval from the College’s Institutional Review Board Committee must also be obtained prior to submission to the dean or designee.
- There are a number of standard facts about Northern that are required in a proposal. To ensure that proposals are complete, accurate and consistent, a list of required information (e.g., Federal ID #, DUNS #, and Assurance #’s) is compiled for completing application forms in (Northern’s Fact Sheet for Completing Proposals).
- When possible, the college’s Grant Writer must be included as the institutional contact for all proposals.
- A copy of the proposal (including accompanying documentation) and the complete Proposal Routing Sheet shall be housed in the Advancement Office.

4. Budget Guidelines for a Proposal

Most granting agencies have their own format and forms for writing the budget for a proposal. Included in this section are relevant policies cited from the Uniform Guidance on facilities and administration for writing the budget portion of a proposal and additional policies such as fringe benefits, salaries, and tuition, release time, and travel. Note: The College develops F & A or indirect costs under the requirements of the Uniform Guidance.

4.1. Definition of Facilities and Administration (F&A) or Indirect Cost. F & A refers to costs that are incurred for common or joint objectives and, therefore, cannot be identified readily and specifically with: (1) a particular sponsored project; (2) an
instructional activity; or (3) any other institutional activity. Consequently, F&A costs are synonymous with the term "indirect" costs.

In federally sponsored projects, indirect costs encompass broad categories of costs. For example, the term "facilities" is defined as depreciation and use allowances, interest on debt associated with certain buildings, equipment and capital improvements, operation and maintenance expenses, and library expenses. "Administration" is defined as general administration and general expenses, departmental administration, sponsored projects administration, student administration and services, and all other types of expenditures not listed specifically under one of the subcategories of facilities.

4.2. Departmental Administration Expenses and Limitations. In accordance with the Uniform Guidance, expenses under this heading are those incurred for administrative and supporting services that benefit common or joint departmental activities or objectives in academic deans' offices, academic departments and divisions, and organized research units. Organized research units include such units as institutes, study centers, and research centers. Departmental administration expenses are subject to the following limitations:

4.2.1. Academic Dean Offices. Salaries and operating expenses are limited to those attributable to administrative functions.

4.2.2. Academic Departments. Salaries and fringe benefits attributable to the administrative work (including bid and proposal preparation) of faculty (including department heads), and other professional personnel conducting research and/or instruction, shall be allowed at a rate of 3.6 percent of modified total direct costs. This category does not include professional business or professional administrative officers. This allowance shall be added to the computation of the F&A cost rate for major functions, the expenses covered by the allowance shall be excluded from the departmental administration cost pool. No documentation is required to support this allowance.

Other administrative and supporting expenses incurred within academic departments are allowable provided they are treated consistently in like circumstances. This would include expenses such as the salaries of secretarial and clerical staffs, the salaries of administrative officers and assistants, travel, office supplies, stockrooms, and the like. Federal agencies may authorize reimbursement of additional costs for department heads and faculty only in exceptional cases where an institution can demonstrate undue hardship or detriment to project performance.

4.3. Determination of Departmental Administrative Costs as Direct or F&A costs. In developing the departmental administration cost pool, special care should be exercised to ensure that costs incurred for the same purpose in like circumstances are treated consistently as either direct or F&A costs. For example, salaries of technical staff, laboratory supplies (e.g., chemicals), telephone toll charges, animals, animal care costs, computer costs, travel costs, and specialized shop costs shall be treated as direct cost
wherever identifiable to a particular cost objective. Direct charging of these costs may be accomplished through specific identification of individual costs to benefiting cost objectives, or through recharge centers or specialized service facilities, as appropriate under the circumstances.

The salaries of administrative and clerical staff should normally be treated as F&A costs. Direct charging of these costs may be appropriate where a major project or activity explicitly budgets for administrative or clerical services and individuals involved can be specifically identified with the project or activity. "Major project" is defined as a project that requires an extensive amount of administrative or clerical support, which is significantly greater than the routine level of such services provided by academic departments. Some examples of major projects include:

- Large complex programs such as research centers and other grants and contracts that entail assembling and managing teams of investigators from a number of institutions.
- Projects involving extensive data accumulation, analysis and entry, surveying, cataloging, searching literature, reporting (e.g., clinical trials or studies).
- Projects that require making travel and meeting arrangements for large numbers of participants, such as conferences and seminars.
- Projects whose principal focus is preparing and producing manuals and large reports, books, and monographs (excluding routine progress and technical reports).
- Projects that are geographically inaccessible to normal departmental administrative services and remote from campus and:
  - Items such as office supplies, postage, local telephone costs, and memberships shall normally be treated as F&A costs.
  - Technical expenses shall be charged directly to sponsored projects if the expense can be specifically identified and provide technical benefit to the project’s scope of work. Examples of qualifying expenses include:
    - Salaries of PI/PD and technical staff, and related fringe benefits (vacation, holidays, sick leave);
    - Laboratory supplies (e.g., chemicals);
    - Telephone toll charges related to the scope of work;
    - Animals and animal care costs
    - Non-administrative computer costs;
    - Travel costs related to the scope of work;
    - Specialized shop costs
    - Specialized health and safety supplies, training, and services.

4.3. Fringe Benefits. In accordance with Uniform Guidance, Section G.5 on negotiated fixed rates and carry forward provisions, Northern’s fringe benefits rates are the direct cost charged in a contract, grant, subcontract and subaward. Fixed rates for fringe benefits shall be negotiated in advance for a fiscal year. Any over- or under-recovery for that year is included as an adjustment to the appropriate fringe benefits rate for a subsequent year.

The following provides the fringe benefit rates for three categories of employees.
○ Regular Full-Time, Part-Time and Interim Eligible Employees including faculty and staff who hold an appointment of at least six months (four months for bargaining unit employees) for at least 50 percent time are eligible for Northern’s benefits programs such as: FICA, retirement; worker’s compensation, unemployment insurance, health insurance, tuition remission, and dental insurance. Fringe benefits for all positions shall be calculated at 32 percent of the gross salary.

○ Temporary employees whose appointments are too brief (i.e., less than six months, or four months for bargaining unit employees) or too few hours (i.e., less than 50 percent time) are not eligible for regular benefits.

○ Students who are employed by the College during a quarter in which they are not registered (including summer quarter) must be classified as contingent employees until they are registered again.

4.4. Treatment of Vacation, Holiday, & Sick Leave. Fringe benefit calculations do not include vacation, holiday, sick leave pay and other paid absences. These benefits must be claimed as part of the normal cost of salaries and wages on grants, contracts and other agreements. In addition, externally funded employees paid through externally funded grants/contracts with the College who are terminating their employment must either:

- take their accrued annual leave during the contract period in which they are terminating their employment; or
- terminate in sufficient time prior to the end of the contract period so that payment of unused annual leave accruals will not exceed the total monies provided in the contract (See Human Resources for more detail).

4.5. Student Salaries and Tuition. A 1986 IRS ruling states that any payments made to a student, for services rendered, are taxable. To remain in compliance with this ruling, the following policies for research assistants (RA), and graduate project assistants (GPA) as well as other (primarily undergraduate) students are in effect.

- **IRS Reporting.** Salaries issued to RAs, GPA, and other project or undergraduate students for services rendered will be reported to the IRS and reported as a direct line item.

- **Tuition & Scholarships.** Tuition expenses or scholarships shall be calculated as a F&A or indirect item. Since most contracts or grants can not be charged “tuition” or “scholarships”, the compensation in the RA salary line must be sufficient to cover tuition remission and some additional salary (where appropriate), to cover the corresponding taxes that may have to be paid by the student to the IRS. Students may be compensated for possible taxes up to 16 percent by increasing the budgeted salary amount, depending upon availability of funds within contract or grant. During each semester, forward to the payroll office the tuition amounts paid by the College for each individual. Payroll will include the semester’s tuition amount as part of the student’s taxable wages during one month each semester. **Note: Once a scholarship is awarded, it cannot be retracted, even if the student’s contract is terminated before the end of the term for which it is written.**
Note: According to the IRS, Scholarships may be all or partially taxable, even if a Form W-2 is not issued. Generally the entire amount is taxable if a student is not a candidate for a degree. If a student is a candidate for a degree, they generally can exclude from income that part of the grant used for: Tuition and fees required for enrollment or attendance, or Fees, books, supplies, and equipment required for courses. Students cannot exclude from income any part of the grant for other purposes, such as room and board.

These grants are nontaxable scholarships to the extent used for tuition and course-related expenses during the grant period.

4.7. Graduate Student Exception
Tax-free treatment of reduced tuition can also apply to a graduate student who performs teaching or research activities at an educational institution. The qualified tuition reduction must be for education furnished by that institution and not represent pay.

- **Enrollment Qualifications.** Student(s) must be enrolled at least halftime at the College to be eligible to participate in a sponsored project. For budget purposes, these students are considered College employees.

- **Student Salaries.** For graduate research assistants, salaries are normally shown as a percent of time, and graduate project assistants and undergraduate students are normally shown as number of hours (i.e., a maximum of 700 hours in an academic year, a maximum of 520 hours in summer, and in rare cases a maximum of 160 hours between fall and spring semester). Allowable salaries for students are based on approved rates by the funding agency:

Examples of how to report salaries in a proposal are as follows.

- Research Assistants: $1,600/mo (.50 FTE)

Project Assistants or Undergraduate Students, 500 hours @ $12/hr or $6,000

4.8. Academic Faculty Release Time and Salaries. Some granting agencies will pay for faculty release time during the academic year. The typical amount is 25 to 50 percent, but larger amounts are sometimes granted for projects. It will be the responsibility of the PI to determine the guidelines from the granting agency and to coordinate through the appropriate department/unit administrator. Note: Faculty Handbook updates related to faculty release time and salaries will take precedence over this policy. The release time may be listed in the proposal budget as in the following example.

**John Doe, 25% FTE, $42,000/9 mo., $10,500**

In addition, the Board of Regents approved the following relevant policies.

In cases where release time from teaching duties is not necessary or possible, or in addition to release time from teaching duties, the faculty member may be provided an administrative “overload” supplemental contract for additional duties incurred with the grant with the following provisos:
1. The administrative “overload” contract amount may not exceed 15% of the
   faculty member’s nine-month contract amount;
2. The department and/or discipline may not be adversely affected by the faculty
   member’s involvement in the project; and
3. The funding agency approves the project without release time.

Not all granting agencies will allow this policy. In such cases, approval for any
differences must be sought from the Vice President for Advancement. In addition, the
dean or Provost/Vice President for Academic Affairs must approve any release time
during the academic year.

4.9. Summer Faculty Salaries. Most granting agencies will allow summer salary in the
amount of 2/9 of the regular academic salary. A few will allow 3/9 of the regular
academic year salary. Check with the proposal guidelines or the program director to
clarify this amount. If a faculty member has more than one grant, she/he may not receive
more than 100 percent (three months) summer pay. Summer salaries should be shown in
the proposal budget in the following manner.

   Jane Doe, 15 days summer salary, $42,000/195 days, $215.38/per day $3,231
   (rounded to the nearest dollar)

4.10. Secretarial Support. In some cases, extra secretarial assistance will be needed to
support project activities and may be listed as a regular budget item. When this type of
support is needed, it is essential that the Office of Human Resources be contacted to
determine the appropriate salary rates approved by the College.

4.11. Travel. The State of New Mexico and Northern have established regulations
concerning travel using state funds. According to the Purchasing Manual, out-of-state
travel requests must be submitted to the business office at least 10 working days prior to
the start of the trip. In-state travel requests must be submitted at least 3 working days
prior to the start of the trip. All out-of-state/international travel requests must be approved
by the Vice President for Advancement or her/his designee.

4.12. Employer Identification Number. The employer identification number assigned to
the College by the federal government must be included in some proposals. This number
is 85-6000545.

4.13. Tax Exempt Status. The College is recognized by the Internal Revenue Code
under Section 509(a)(3) as eligible for exemption from Federal Income Tax under
Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. This exemption was granted September
1986. A copy of the IRS letter is available at the Office of Institutional Advancement

4.14. Cost Sharing. Cost sharing may consist of allowable direct or facilities and
administration (F&A) resources; but may not exceed 100 percent of a faculty, student, or
staff’s effort in the performance of the sponsored project.
5. PI/Director Responsibilities for Preparing, Submitting and Managing the Budget

The technical and fiscal management of a sponsorship project includes the preparation of the proposal, management of the project, adherence to reporting requirements, and assurance that the sponsor will be notified when significant conditions related to the project change. The major development and management policies and procedures related to the fiscal responsibility of the PI/director are described in the following two subsections.

5.1. Preparation and Submission of Proposed Budgets. In proposing budgets for sponsored projects, the PI ensures Northern and the potential sponsor that project finances are represented as accurately as possible. In addition, all federal requirements related to cost principles in the Uniform Guidance and the Accounting Standards Board must be adhered to at the proposal stage. Key policies to address are as follows.

6. Commitment of College Resources. Sponsored awards are made to the College. To accept awards, the College must legally commit itself to the conditions of the award document and the provision of resources necessary to fulfill the award, as committed in the sponsored project proposal. The Office of Institutional Advancement is the official authorized to approve grants documents, contracts and intergovernmental agreements.

6.1. Allowability. Proposals should not include expenses which the federal government (in the Uniform Guidance or other regulations) or the sponsor has identified as unallowable. Similarly, expenses which are to be considered as indirect expenses (e.g., certain types of office supplies and clerical salaries) may not be proposed and budgeted as direct expenses, unless they meet the criteria defined in Section 3.2.1.(3).

6.2. Commitment to Effort. Proposals should accurately represent the amount of time that key personnel are committing to the project. In preparing proposals, PI/director must be cautious to not over commit themselves or others. Effort to the project must take into account the time required for teaching and campus citizenship.

PIs may submit proposals on the assumption that not all will be awarded, but, at the time of award, an accurate representation of time to be devoted to the project, whether that effort will be paid for by the sponsor or by Northern, is necessary. Subsequent changes in levels of effort may also require advance notification to and approval by sponsors.

6.2.1. Estimating Methods. When estimating funding to be budgeted for project expenses, estimating methods must be consistent with Northern’s accounting practices and must allow expenditures to be accumulated and reported to at least the same level of detail as the estimate.

7. Cost Sharing. Cost sharing is the contribution made by the College to the total sponsored project cost. Two types of cost sharing may occur in a grant:

1. Mandatory cost sharing required by the sponsor as a condition to obtaining an award; and
2. Committed cost sharing, which is an agreement by the College to use some of its own resources for related research, but not required by the sponsoring agency.
In either case, when the award is received, cost sharing becomes a legally binding commitment of the College. As a result, a Cost Sharing and Identification Worksheet must be completed and submitted to the Office of Institutional Advancement for approval before the College commits to sharing the costs of externally funded projects. The type of cost sharing and amount expected to be contributed to a sponsor needs to be estimated based on associated dollars and recorded in the proposal budget as cost sharing.

Administrative requirements for including cost sharing on federal grants and cooperative agreements are defined in Uniform Guidance. Both in-kind and cash contributions by a recipient are acceptable as cost sharing or matching when all six criteria are met:

1. Verifiable from recipient records;
2. Not included as contribution for any other federally assisted program;
3. Necessary and reasonable for proper and efficient accomplishment of project or program objectives;
4. Allowable charges under applicable cost principles;
5. Not paid by another federal award (except as authorized by statute); and
6. Conform to other provisions in Uniform Guidance as applicable.

The key policies related to these criteria are as follows.

7.1. Direct Costs (Faculty, Student or Staff Support). It may be appropriate to contribute faculty, student, or staff effort to the performance of a sponsored agreement. The commitment to provide such support, binds the College to contribute the effort and record the associated expenditures including fringe benefits in separate cost sharing accounts.

7.2. Cost Sharing. Cost sharing may consist of allowable direct or facilities and administration (F&A) resources; but may not exceed 100 percent of a faculty, student, or staff’s effort in the performance of the sponsored project. Note: A significant decrease in the effort of key personnel in a project may require coordination with and/or advance approval by the federal sponsor. Non-federal sponsors may have similar requirements. If facilities and administration costs are to be waived, approval must be obtained from the Office of Institutional Advancement.

7.3. Equipment. Equipment cannot be offered as cost sharing unless the receipt of the award is contingent upon such cost sharing. Northern or government-owned equipment cannot be committed as cost sharing, but can be characterized as “available for the performance of the sponsored agreement at no direct cost to the project.” Where the purpose of the grant is to buy equipment and the College is required to share the cost with the sponsor, the acquisition of special purpose equipment as a direct cost may include an offer of College funds to pay for all or part of the equipment cost.

7.4. Other Direct Costs. Allowable direct costs other than salaries, fringe benefits, or equipment may be committed by the PI/director as cost sharing on the proposal budget. The following examples of other direct costs that may be cost shared include travel expenses, items that do not meet the capitalization threshold, and supplies.
7.5. Facilities and Administration Costs (Indirect Costs). Facilities and administration costs are those expenses that the College and, through the College, the state of New Mexico incur every time the College accepts an award from an outside sponsor. These costs are not set arbitrarily by the College administration; they are not profit for the College or the state of New Mexico. They represent reimbursement for real expenses, which cannot be allocated uniquely to individual projects, for example, utilities, building use, libraries, and administrative services. Federal and other sponsors expect to pay facilities and administration costs and budget their allocations accordingly. The federal auditors scrutinize facilities and administration costs in detail. As a result, the College must maintain its own staff to keep the appropriate books. The College is legally obligated to recover these costs.

7.6. Sources of Funds for Cost Sharing. Funds from another federal award or grant may not be used as the source of cost sharing, unless authorized by statute. In this case, the cost sharing arrangement must be approved by all sponsors.

7.7. Use of Nonfederal Funds. Identifying and providing resources for cost sharing of direct costs (including equipment) is always the responsibility of the PI. The PI may not use funds from another federal award as the source of cost sharing, except as authorized by statute. The PI/director. The PI may not use funds from nonfederal sources to provide cost sharing. However, this arrangement may only occur if the cost sharing is authorized by the nonfederal sponsor.

8. Expenditures NOT Eligible for Cost Sharing. The following expenses cannot be offered as cost sharing commitments in sponsored project proposals:
- F&A cost in excess of the 26 percent administrative cap, except DoD contracts;
- unallowable costs as defined in the Uniform Guidance, Subpart E – Cost Principles;
- salary dollars above a regulatory cap (see NIH’s 2018 Notice on Salary Limitations);
- College facilities such as laboratory space. PIs should take care in preparing proposals for sponsored agreements not to commit use of facilities as cost sharing, but rather to characterize the facilities as “available for the performance of the sponsored agreement at no direct cost to the project”; and
- depreciation on government-funded equipment.

9. Reporting Cost Sharing. Cost-shared expenses should be regularly documented. The College is responsible for providing information on cost sharing to sponsoring agencies, which demonstrates the College has fulfilled the cost sharing commitments that is made as a condition of receiving external sponsorship and as required by the Uniform Guidance. The Office of Institutional Advancement is responsible for providing cost sharing reports to sponsors when required by the sponsor. In order to do so, departments must provide the necessary information on the Cost Sharing and Identification Worksheet at the time of the award. During the financial close-out of a sponsored project, cost sharing commitments will be reviewed by the office of Institutional Advancement.
10. Reduction in Cost Sharing. The actual effort and other costs required to accomplish the goals of a sponsored project might differ from what was proposed and awarded. The total costs could decrease due to changes in programmatic needs. When there is cost sharing on such projects, the sponsor may need to be consulted to determine if the reduction can be applied to either the College's committed cost sharing or to both sponsor and College resource contributions on a pro rata basis. Otherwise, the sponsor's share is reduced and the College’s entire cost sharing commitment must be met. The PI/director or the departmental or research administrator must consult with the Office of Institutional Advancement before the sponsor is contacted.

10. Outside Professional Services. Services rendered at the request of and for the benefit of the College by corporations, partnerships, or consultants (not College employees) may be contracted.

11. Stipend Award Procedures. Student costs are normally seen only in training projects or fellowships and rarely in research or public service projects. Costs such as student stipends, tuition, housing, travel, books, and supplies must be listed separately in the proposal budget and are excluded from the F&A cost calculations (There are some exceptions with the U.S. Department of Health). For student costs such as salaries, fringe benefits and scholarship, see Section, Student Salaries. Note: Participant costs such as in workshops, surveys, and studies are typically in small fixed amounts to compensate participants for their effort and are included in the F&A calculation.

12. Proposal routing process:
Grant proposals, including pre-proposals, letters of support/commitment that obligate the college and/or the college’s foundation office as a fiscal agent, sub-recipient, or beneficiary, must not be submitted to a funding agency for consideration unless approved by the following offices:
- Overseeing academic department (if applicable)
- Office of Institutional Advancement
- Office of the Provost
- Office of budget and finance

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Sponsored Projects – Post Award

1. Procedures for post award activity:
- A copy of the following documents must be submitted to Grants Manager:
  a. award notification or sub-award notification
  b. administrative guidelines
  c. copy of the approved budget, including any necessary revisions
- Coordinate a meeting with the college’s Grants Accountant and Grants Manager to complete the budget entry process. Complete expenditure approval form.
- Coordinate a meeting with the VP for Advancement to prepare any formal agreements (i.e. MOUs, sub awards, Professional Services Contract) associated with the grant.

2. Subawards
A subaward is a formal agreement between Northern and a “subrecipient”. A “subrecipient” is a non-Northern entity that expends awards received from the College to carry out a portion of a
sponsored project, but does not include an individual that is a beneficiary of such a program. For both federal and non-federal sponsored projects, Northern adheres to the federal governments’ definition of a subrecipient as defined in Uniform Guidance.

Note: A subcontract refers to a vendor who will receive payment for goods or services, whose services are ancillary to the operation of the sponsored project, is not subject to compliance with requirements of a sponsored project, and is not responsible for programmatic decision making.

The subrecipient may not involve an individual who is also a direct beneficiary of such a program at Northern, the sponsor, or higher-tier subrecipient. The subrecipient may be another educational institution, an independent laboratory, a foundation, a for-profit corporation, a non-profit corporation, or other organization, and may be a domestic or foreign entity. A subrecipient may also be a recipient of other federal awards directly from a federal awarding agency.

The PI/PD must select a subrecipient based upon his or her assessment of the potential subrecipient’s ability to perform the research work successfully. This includes an analysis of the subrecipient’s past performance, technical resources and financial viability, and an assessment of the reasonableness of the subrecipient’s proposed costs in light of the work to be performed. This information must be documented in Northern’s Subrecipient Commitment Form and submitted to the Office of Institutional Advancement for final approval. To meet audit requirement’s, Northern is required to retain documentation of this latter assessment for subawards proposed under a contract.

In rare cases, a PI/PD may recognize the need for outside involvement on a project, but is either unable to identify the best subrecipient by the time of proposal submission, or is unable to acquire all of the required paperwork from that subrecipient. In such an instance, proposals may be submitted with a subrecipient as “To Be Named”, if allowed by the contractor or sponsoring agency. PI’s may need to be prepared to provide documentation on the basis for their subaward cost estimates of the work to be performed. Note: PIs and their school/college will be responsible for managing any budgetary shortfalls that may result from their inability to accurately predict a subrecipient’s costs. In addition, subrecipients should not be asked to reduce their F&A recovery or to otherwise cost-share because of Northern’s failure to include cost in our proposal.

If the College is the prime contractor, then, as the lead institution, the College will be responsible to the granting agency for successful completion of the project. To ensure clarity in the agreement, a Subrecipient Commitment Form must be completed with other institution(s). Once the grant is awarded, two copies of the signed form and work statement from the other institution(s) should be submitted to the office of research and sponsored projects.

If the College is not the lead institution, the other organization should provide an agreement form. Coordination in planning the agreement should take place with the dean, the Office of Institutional Advancement, and other administrative personnel, as appropriate. A Proposal Routing Form (PRF) should also be prepared and submitted to the Office of Institutional Advancement.
2.1. Applying F & A (Indirect Cost) Rates to Subawards

There are two types of F & A costs on subawards – those earned by the subrecipient and by Northern. A subrecipient is expected to apply its own federally negotiated F & A rates and bases when preparing its subaward budget, unless a lower rate or base has been agreed to by the subrecipient institutional official (e.g., to meet cost-sharing requirements, or to meet a sponsor’s F & A rate limitation). If a subrecipient does not have an approved F & A rate, it must either have its proposed indirect cost rate approved by Northern or elect not to recover indirect costs. Northern applies the Uniform Guidance, 2 CFR 200, App. III, Section C.7 "fixed rates for the life of the sponsored agreement" policy to subawards and will use the approved F&A rates authorized at the time of the issuance of the subaward.

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Sponsored Program Fiscal Management and Administration

1. Overall PI/PD Budget Responsibilities

While the day-to-day management of project finances may be delegated to administrative or other staff, the PI has overall responsibility for fiscal management of the sponsored. Provided below is a summary of these responsibilities.

- Manage the project in accordance with the approved Statement Of Work (SOW). Significant changes to the SOW need prior written approval of the funding agency.
- Request for changes in the SOW must be routed to the office of research and sponsored projects;
- Initiate and supervise grant expenditures as stipulated in accordance with the terms, condition and limitations of the funding agency;
- Adhere to federal, state, College, and sponsored allowances and policies or charging expenditures, including: the Uniform Guidance; and the Accounting Standards Board.
- Follow conflict of interest in research policies;
- Initiate, monitor, and approve any subawards according to Northern’s policies;
- Ensure cost sharing requirements are properly documented by the award and seek appropriate approvals for cost sharing and other actions before committing the College’s finances or resources;
- Ensure the College and potential sponsors that project finances are represented as accurately and reasonably as possible;
- Submit salary and non-salary transfers on a timely basis;
- Complete effort certifications and timesheets as required for the project on a timely basis;
- Certify the appropriateness of direct charges, salary, annual and sick leave each month during the project period;
- Seek no-cost extension, rebudgeting requests, and modification in the scope of the project of the award if necessary;
- Follow intellectual research property policies;
- Inform sponsors of significant changes affecting the project per the award guidelines;
- Oversee the clearing of overdrafts or overruns if necessary and the proper and timely closeout of sponsored projects;
- Complete all reports (financial and technical) and all PAR forms as required by the award; and
• Be accountable for deficits or disallowances that occur under the grant or contract.

2. PI/Director Budget Management Responsibilities. Beginning with the receipt of funds at the onset of the award, the PI/Director is responsible for the day to day management of the sponsored project budget, including:

2.1. Receipt of Funds. All funds from sponsors must be deposited with Northern’s Business Office. Checks for sponsored awards are usually received by the business office. Occasionally, checks are sent directly to the PI/director. In such a case, the check must be forwarded to the business office for deposit.

2.2. Business Related Expenses. Ordinary and necessary expenditures incurred in conjunction with sponsored research projects may be reimbursed. These expenses are usually not associated with capital equipment, personal services, or travel.

2.3. Financial Reporting To Sponsor. Every project is assigned an account number. The account manager in the Business Office handles all official financial transactions and financial reports of a project from its inception to its termination. Financial reports required by the sponsor are prepared by the Business Office based on information generated by the College’s accounting system. These reports must be approved by the PI and the Office of Research and Sponsored Projects before they are forwarded to the sponsor. Questions about financial reports should be directed to the account manager at the Business Office.

2.4. Purchasing Procedures. All purchases made with sponsored funds must follow procedures outlined in the Northern’s Purchasing Policies.

2.5. Rebudgeting of Project Funds. The PI/director is responsible for the ongoing fiscal management of awarded projects, including regular monitoring against project period budgets. Federal grants policy (Uniform Guidance) establishes the approved project budget as the financial expression of the project, and sponsors may evaluate the project against the budget at any time. Although sponsors allow certain flexibilities with respect to rebudgeting, unobligated balances, and preaward costs, Northern and sponsors expect expenditures to be reasonably consistent with the approved project and budget. Sponsors may question or restrict expenditures appearing inconsistent with the project plan and budget. PIs are obligated to request prior approval when budget and program plan revisions indicate a significant change in scope. Example indicators of a change in scope may include significant expenditures beyond the amount authorized on the award or requests for additional funding. Principal investigators should verify the terms of their awards with the business office account manager before they request rebudgeting.

2.6. Cost Overruns. Costs in excess of project budgets are the responsibility of the PI and school/college and are considered unallowable costs. Nonetheless, the College is obligated to account properly for this action. If a cost overrun is discovered and additional funds are required, the PI's school/college may be required to settle the overdraft.
2.7. Underestimating Project Budgets when Funds are Initially Requested from the Sponsoring Agency. The PI/director should carefully consider all potential costs of projects when the budgets are first developed. Monthly College financial reports should be reviewed by the PI/director or her or his representative in a manner similar to reconciliation of a personal checking account. Any exceptions should be promptly called to the attention of the account manager, with special urgency during the final 90 days of the project. A visit to the account manager should be made at this time to maximize use of awarded funds while avoiding overruns.

2.8. Control of Property. The College is responsible for the control of property funded under the terms of sponsored project contracts and grants. The PI/director is responsible for the control and maintenance of the sponsored property. The PI/director may delegate property control functions to the persons related to the project such as the project staff, research coordinator, department property administrator, or administrative staff:
- For information related to procedures and policies for acquiring, controlling, shipping, moving, and disposing of sponsor-funded property, contact Northern’s Finance Office.

2.9. Travel Policies. All travel on sponsored funds must comply with the College’s travel policy. Contact the Office of Institutional Advancement or the Business Office for policy guidelines on travel procedures.

2.10. Charging of Holiday, Sick Leave or Vacation to Projects. Holiday, sick or vacation charges to sponsored projects are appropriate only when such vacation is earned within the respective project and as specified by College policy. Employees on fixed-term and fixed-funding appointments and continuing employees paid from fixed-funding sources may be required to use all accrued vacation before the end of the fixed-term appointment period or the expiration of the funding source.

2.11. Overdrafts. At the end of the project performance period, if unanticipated project expenses result in more charges to a sponsored account than were funded, the amount of the overdraft is accounted for in the same manner as cost sharing. These costs represent project costs being borne by Northern, and therefore, must be accounted for in the same manner as cost sharing. However, these costs cannot be considered cost sharing for purposes of fulfilling a cost commitment because overdrafts are considered unallowable under A-21.

2.12. No-Cost Time Extensions. If additional time is needed to complete a project and there is an unexpended balance in the award, PIs may request that the period of performance of an award be extended. In most cases, agency prior approval is required. Requests for extensions should be initiated by a PI/director and processed in accordance with the terms of the sponsored award. The PI/director is responsible for determining whether a countersignature from the Office of Institutional Advancement is required. Requests for a no-cost extension should be submitted no later than the end date of the
award (unless an earlier date is required by the agency.) Award closeouts cannot be delayed to accommodate pending requests submitted after the award end date.

If final technical reports are to be completed after the project end date, and funds from the project are available to pay these expenses, a no-cost extension should be obtained from the sponsor to cover the expense of producing and distributing those reports. If funds are not available from the project, then the PI, department or school must identify unrestricted funds to pay final report costs.

2.13. Records Retention For some projects, the retention period may be longer based on the following conditions:
- to protect any intellectual property resulting from the work;
- to ensure that charges of misconduct or conflict of interest regarding the research are fully resolved; and
- to ascertain that a student involved in the research graduates has graduated, or until it is clear that the student has abandoned the work.

Failure to retain required documentation will result in certain disallowance in the event of an audit. If litigation, a claim, or an audit occurs, documentation must be retained until all issues have been resolved regardless of the time period.

In accordance with record retention procedures, schools/college and/or principal investigators are responsible for retaining pertinent documentation on sponsored projects. Such documentation would include not only financial transactions and time and effort certification, but also statistical data, such as lab books, data tapes, graphs, case studies, field notes, original samples in unanalyzed form, and reports as well. Certain agreements require the transfer of certain records to a sponsor’s custody; in that situation, the three-year retention period does not apply.

For all projects, the Office of Institutional Advancement is responsible for retaining the official contract files, including copies of the original award and any amendments, required sponsor approvals, consulting agreements, and subcontracts. The business office is responsible for retaining the official accounting records, including financial transaction reports and invoices.

It is important to note that federal record retention provisions allow the federal government access to records even after the required retention period has passed if such records are still maintained. It is, therefore, advisable to have a schedule for purging the financial records once the required retention period has passed. Careful consideration should be given to maintaining the scientific records. After the identified period of retention, the PI or department, if the PI is no longer at the College is responsible for destruction of the research material.

If PI/director is involved in the research project leaves the College, they are entitled to copies of the research data. However, original data must be retained at the College. Approval must be sought from the Office of Institutional Advancement if a request has been made by the PI for copies of research data. In addition, written agreement from the
PI’s new institution must be provided guaranteeing custodial responsibilities for the data and allowing the College access to the data if necessary.

2.14. Project Closeout. The PI/director is responsible for overseeing the proper closeout of sponsored projects including the timely submission of all required reports. While the Office of Institutional Advancement prepare and submit final administrative reports, including financial and property reports, they do so on the basis of documentation created in the department. The PI/director must ensure that such documentation is adequate and readily available. In addition, PIs are responsible for ensuring that any necessary final financial adjustments and documentation (e.g., final invoices from vendors or subrecipients) are received promptly after the end of the award.

If an approval to close an award has not already been provided by the PI/director, the Office of Institutional Advancement will prepare and submit financial reports based on the information reflected in the financial system as of two weeks prior to the due date for the final report. In addition, some financial reports may require the PI's signature.

2.15. Audit of Sponsored Projects. Auditors are ensured full cooperation in arranging contacts with College employees. Auditors are expected to inform the College in advance of proposed audits and to arrange all contacts through the Office of Institutional Advancement. If any College employee is contacted by an auditor without prior notification from the Office of Institutional Advancement, the employee should notify the Office of Institutional Advancement.

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ACCEPTABLE COMPUTER USE

1. General
As an institution of higher learning, Northern New Mexico College encourages, supports, and protects freedom of expression as well as an open environment to pursue scholarly inquiry and to share information. Access to information technology, in general, and to the Internet, in particular, supports the academic community by providing a link to electronic information in a variety of formats and covering all academic disciplines. The computing and network resources, services, and facilities of the College are limited and should be used wisely and carefully with consideration for the needs of others. As with any resource, there is a possibility of misuse. In an attempt to prevent or mitigate such misuse, this policy outlines proper and improper behaviors, defines misuse and incidental use, explains rights and responsibilities, and briefly reviews the repercussions of violating these codes of conduct.

Northern New Mexico College provides computing services to College faculty, staff, and students. These services are intended primarily for furthering the education, research, and public service mission of the College and may not be used for commercial purposes or profit-making. This Policy is applicable to all individuals using College-owned or -controlled computer equipment, communications equipment, data-network (wired and wireless), storage devices, and computer-related facilities, whether such persons are students, staff, or faculty. All College policies including, but not limited to, intellectual property protection, privacy, misuse of College
equipment, sexual harassment, hostile work environment, data security, and confidentiality shall apply to the use of computing services.

1.1. Departmental Computer Use Policies and Procedures

Individual departments within the College may define “conditions of use” for information resources under their control. These statements must be consistent with this overall policy but may provide additional detail, guidelines, and/or restrictions. Such policies may not relax, or subtract from, this policy. Where such “conditions of use” exist, the enforcement mechanisms defined within these departmental statements shall apply. Individual departments are responsible for publicizing both the regulations they establish and their policies concerning the authorized and appropriate use of the equipment for which they are responsible. In such cases, the department administrator shall provide the cognizant vice president and the College Director of IT with a copy of such supplementary policies prior to their implementation. Where the use of external networks is involved, policies governing such use also are applicable and must be adhered to.

1.2. Computing Services

For the purposes of this policy computing services include the following:

- All College data, information, and information systems (including computer applications used by the College that are hosted elsewhere),
- All College computer hardware, software, multi-media, and communication services including all computer resources, communications equipment, and data networks—wired and wireless,
- All College telephones, mobile phones, smart phones, storage devices, and personal digital assistants, and
- All digital assets owned, managed or leased by the College and any that may be entrusted to the College by other organizations (e.g. cloud computing services as well as any other future computing device, service, system, or application.)

2. Rights and Responsibilities

The use of College computing services is a privilege. Users who have been granted this privilege must use the services in an appropriate, ethical, and lawful manner. Unauthorized access is prohibited and may be monitored and reported to the proper authorities. The College does not provide a warranty, either expressly or implied, for the computing services provided. The College reserves the right to limit a computer user's session if there are insufficient resources, and to cancel, restart, log, record, review or hold a job, process, network connection or program to protect or improve system or network performance if necessary. The College network is large and complex and supports mission critical functions such as patient care, payroll, academic classes, Internet access, and electronic mail.

2.1. User Responsibilities

Users are responsible for all their activities using computing services and shall respect the intended use of such services. Whenever a computing facility has specific rules and regulations that govern the use of equipment at that site and users shall comply with those rules and regulations governing the use of such computing facilities and equipment in
addition to any over-arching College policies such as this one. Users must understand and keep up-to-date with this policy and other applicable College computer policies and procedures.

Users shall respect all copyrights including software copyrights. Users shall not reproduce copyrighted work without the owner's permission. In accordance with copyright laws, including the Digital Millennium Copyright Act, college’s legal counsel, upon receipt of official notice from a copyright owner, may authorize blocking access to information alleged to be in violation of another's copyright. If after an investigation information is determined by college’s legal counsel to be in violation of another's copyright, such information will be deleted from College computing systems.

2.1.1. Copyrights and Software Licenses

Users of College computing resources must comply with copyright law and the terms of licensing agreements, including software licenses, before accessing or using copyrighted material on the Internet. Users are responsible for determining what licenses or permissions are necessary and for obtaining such permissions or licenses before using College computing resources. Purchased music, movies, software, and other multi-media files usually include a license that gives you permission to make copies, change formats or to share the file with others.

Generally, software which the College is not permitted or not licensed to use shall not be installed on College computing services; however, software which has been personally-acquired is permitted to be installed on College computing services so long as the user who has installed the software is able to prove s/he is legally permitted to do so (this is usually done by retaining and providing the license upon request.)

File-sharing applications often involve the unlawful copying or distribution of copyrighted material without permission or license from the copyright owner. Anyone who sends or receives files using file-sharing software may be engaging in an unlawful act unless (a) the user is the copyright owner or has permission from the copyright owner, (b) the material is in the public domain, or (c) fair use or another exception to copyright law applies.

Upon receipt of information alleging that a user may be engaged in unauthorized file sharing of copyrighted material or is in violation of licensing obligations or other copyright law, the College may, without notice, immediately suspend, block or restrict access to an account. The College may take such action when it appears necessary in order to protect the security or integrity of computing resources, or to protect the College from liability.

Users who violate copyright law or license terms may be denied access to College computing resources, and may be subject to other sanctions and disciplinary actions, including but not limited to expulsion or discharge from the College. In accordance with its legal obligations, the College will continue to develop plans to combat the unauthorized use and distribution of copyrighted materials, including the
possible use of technological deterrents. The College will also continue to provide
information on alternatives to illegal file-sharing.

2.1.3. Software Developed Internally
College personnel may develop computer programs using College computing resources.
Such software may be subject to the College’s Intellectual Property Policy.

2.1.4. Computer Security
Individuals using computing services are responsible for keeping accounts and passwords
confidential and for safeguarding all College data and information, especially those
covered by state and federal regulations such as FERPA, regardless if it is being stored on
College computing resources, stored on non-college resources, or being transmitted over
communication networks.

2.1.5. Computer Accounts and Passwords
The College, through IT and departments, provides computer accounts to authorized
users for access to various College systems. These accounts are a means of operator
identification and passwords are used as a security measure. An individual’s computer
account shall not be shared. Account use is a privilege, not a right.

2.1.5.1. Account Authentication
Passwords, PINs, and other identifiers authenticate the user’s identity and match
the user to the privileges granted on College computers, computer networks,
systems and computing resources. A password is a security measure designed to
prevent unauthorized persons from logging on with another person’s computer
account and reading or changing data accessible to that user. Users should create
passwords carefully and handle them with care and attention. For this security
feature to be effective, the user must protect the secrecy of his/her password. Each
user should:
- choose a password that is a minimum of eight characters to include a
  number, capital letter, and special character
- change his/her password at a minimum of every ninety (90
  0) days and at any time the user believes the password may have been
  compromised,
- avoid writing the password down, and
- not disclose or share the password with anyone.
Similar measures apply to all authentication methods such as PINs.

2.1.5.2 Account Termination and Locking
When an individual leaves the College, his or her account(s) must be locked as
soon as reasonably possible and, subsequently, deleted within a reasonable time.
If misuse or theft is detected or suspected, account(s) will be locked according to
the College’s procedures.
2.1.6. Computer and Data Security
Everyone at the College shares responsibility for the security of computer equipment, data, information and computing resources.

2.1.6.1. Physical Security
Everyone is responsible for the proper use and protection of College computer resources. Examples of protection measures include:
- locking areas after business hours or at other times when not in use;
- taking special precautions for high-value, portable equipment;
- locking up documents and computing resources when not in use; and

2.1.6.2. Information Security
Security of data and information is an essential responsibility of computer system managers and users alike. For example, users are responsible for:
- ensuring the routine backup of their files;
- using data only for approved College purposes; and
- ensuring the security and validity of information transferred from College systems.

2.1.7. Computer Viruses and Anti-virus Software
All College departments, though department heads or designees, shall ensure anti-virus software is installed on College computing resources when technically possible and that the software is active and kept up to date. This requirement applies to all computer servers as well as all desktop and laptop computers. This will help ensure that College computing services and digital assets are not compromised, misused, deleted or destroyed.

3. Unacceptable Computer Use
The College reserves the right to block access to any external electronic resources that are deemed in violation of this Policy. If it is determined, after an investigation by the appropriate office, that the user violated federal or state law, rules or regulations or College policy by misusing College computing services. The College will disclose illegal or unauthorized activities to appropriate College personnel and/or law enforcement agencies.

3.1. Security Violations
Users shall not
- attempt to defeat or circumvent any security measures, controls, accounts, or record-keeping systems;
- use computing services to gain unauthorized access to Northern’s or anyone else’s computing services;
- intentionally alter, misappropriate, dismantle, disfigure, disable or destroy any computing information and/or services;
- knowingly distribute malware (i.e. computer viruses, worms, Trojans, or other rogue programs).
3.2. Legal Violations

Users shall not use computing services:

- for unlawful purposes, including fraudulent, threatening, defamatory, harassing, or obscene communications;
- to invade the privacy rights of anyone;
- to disclose student records in violation of FERPA;
- to access other computing services (i.e. other Northern computers or computer systems for unauthorized purposes;
- to access or disclose financial information in violation of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act or the College’s Information Security Program;
- to access or disclose any non-public or personally identifiable information about a patient, employee, or student without having a legitimate College purpose;
- to violate College policy, state law, or federal law, including but not limited to copyright laws.

3.3. Other Misuse

Users shall not use computing services:

- in violation of any College contractual obligation, including limitations defined in software and other licensing agreements;
- in a way that suggests College endorsement of any commercial product (unless a legal agreement exists and any communication or computing activity has been pre-approved by an appropriate vice president);
- to conceal one’s identity when using computing services, except when the option of anonymous access is explicitly authorized,
- to possess or distribute obscene or pornographic material unrelated to College instruction, research, or business needs (students are excluded from this provision);
- to masquerade or impersonate another,
- by physically or electrically attaching any device to a College computer, communications devices, or network connection that negatively impacts the performance of any other College computing service;
- to send chain letters, pyramid schemes or unauthorized mass mailings;
- to send non-work or non-class related information to an individual who requests the information not be sent, or
- to send commercial or personal advertisements, solicitations, or promotions.

Users should understand that, due to their nature, electronic communications can be intentionally or unintentionally viewed by others or forwarded to others, and are therefore inherently not private. In addition, addressing errors, system malfunctions, and system management may result in communications being viewed and/or read by other individuals and/or system administrators.
In electronic communications, users must state whether they are speaking for themselves or in an official capacity for the College. Electronic communications that represent the College sent to non-Northern addresses must be done in a professional manner.

4. Incidental Personal Use
The College allows incidental personal use of computing services. Such use must not interfere with an employee fulfilling his or her job responsibilities, consume significant time or resources, interfere with other users' access to resources, be excessive as determined by management, or otherwise violate any federal or state laws, any individual college or departmental policies or codes of conduct, or College policies. Each department should document and communicate what use is acceptable.

5. Privacy Limitations
Users of College computing services, including managers, supervisors, and systems administrators shall respect and protect the privacy of others, in accordance with all applicable state and federal laws, regulations and College policies. Although the College is committed to protect individual and information privacy, the College cannot guarantee the security or privacy of correspondence and information stored and transmitted through College computer networks and systems. Since confidential information is often stored on desktop machines, displayed on screens, or printed on paper that could be in public view, users need to control access by:

- using passwords;
- turning screens away from public view;
- logging out of systems when leaving the work area;
- shredding reports containing private information prior to disposal; and
- clearing confidential information off desks in public areas.

While the College does not routinely monitor individual usage of its computing services, the normal operation and maintenance of the College’s computing services require the backup and storage of data and communications, the logging of activity, the monitoring of general usage patterns, and other such activities that are necessary for the rendering of services. Similarly, the College does not, in the regular course of business, monitor the content of computing services on its various networks. However, suspicious aggregate behavior, official requests from authorities, forensic evaluation or discovery for purposes of civil litigation, or indications of a security incident, for example, can cause network activities or computing services to be reviewed. It is the right of the College to monitor and review any activities on its resources. It is best, therefore, to assume that any and all actions taken or activities performed using College computing services are not private.

The College may also access and examine the account (e.g. any and all computer accounts on any College computing resource, e-mail boxes, file shares, local or networked storage) of an individual user under the following circumstances and conditions:

- if necessary to comply with federal or state law, or
- if there is reasonable suspicion that a law or College policy has been violated and the examination of the account is needed to investigate the apparent violation, or
- as part of an investigation involving an administrative claim or charge, arbitration or litigation, or if required to preserve public health and safety.
Requests for access based on reasonable suspicion must be approved in writing, in advance, by the cognizant vice president. If access to a faculty member's account is being requested, the President of the Faculty Senate must be notified in conjunction with the request for approval. Each request must specify the purpose of access and such access will be limited to information related to the purpose for which access was granted. If such access is being requested by a vice president, access must be approved by the President. If such access is being requested by the President, access must be approved by the Northern Board of Regents. The Regents’ Internal Auditing Policy authorizes the College Audit Department full and unrestricted access to all College records, including but not limited to those contained in computer files, discs, and hard drives.

Accessing an employee’s computer files for work-related, non-investigatory purposes (i.e., to retrieve a file or document needed while the employee who maintains the file or document is away from the office) is permitted and does not require authorization by a vice president as long as access is limited to the work-related need. When an employee separates from the College, work-related files, including but not limited to research data, as well as all records made or kept in any College electronic medium, remain the property of the College.

Communications and other documents made or kept by means of College computing services are generally subject to New Mexico's Inspection of Public Records Act to the same extent as they would be if made on paper. Therefore, all employees are urged to use the same discretion and good judgment in creating electronic documents as they would use in creating written paper documents.

6. Reporting Procedures.
Suspected violations of this policy (e.g. any incidents involving the unauthorized access to, destruction of, or misuse of computing services by employees, faculty or students) must be brought to the attention of the dean, director, or department head, and the College IT Security Office. In the case of a criminal violation, the IT Office will notify Campus Security. Violations by non-employees will be referred to the appropriate authorities.

7. Sanctions
The misuse, unauthorized access to, or destruction of College computing services in violation of applicable laws or College policy may result in sanctions, including but not limited to withdrawal of use privilege; disciplinary action up to and including, expulsion from the College or discharge from a position; and legal prosecution.

2520
COMPUTER SECURITY CONTROLS AND ACCESS TO SENSITIVE AND PROTECTED INFORMATION

1. General
Management of College computing services must ensure the rights and responsibilities provided for in Policy 2500 while also ensuring system and data availability, reliability, and integrity.
Therefore, all departments operating College owned computers, including those operated by faculty, staff, and students, must develop departmental security practices which comply with the security practices listed herein. In addition, departments must have environment-specific management practices for business functions such as maintenance, change control procedures, capacity planning, software licensing and copyright protection, training, documentation, power, and records management for computing systems under their control. This may be done by hiring a qualified employee, sharing resources with other departments, or contracting with College Information Technologies (IT). IT is available to assist and advise departments in planning how they can carry out compliance with this and other computer technology-related policies. Departments must document and periodically review established practices.

Department heads or designees are responsible for computer security awareness and for ensuring reasonable protection of all departmental computing systems within their purview against breaches of security, through methods such as virus protection, firewalls, encryption, patch management, change control, and password usage. Department heads or designees should ensure users of their systems have the necessary training for appropriate use of the system.

2. Access to Departmental Systems
Access to departmental computing systems must be authorized by the department head or designee. Access to College computing systems containing or transmitting sensitive and protected information must be authorized by the department head and approved by the College designated data custodian. To ensure confidentiality, special attention should be taken when authorizing system access to vendors and/or contractors, including those repairing and/or maintaining computers and computing devices. When possible, it is advisable to have vendors and/or contractors sign a confidentiality agreement. Computer access control also includes physical security to Northern equipment and information, such as: locks on doors/windows for equipment and storage, locking paper files, and paper shredders. The department head or designee ensures proper management of computer accounts and user identification by:

- handling system user authentication securely (e.g. passwords, PIN numbers, access codes);
- terminating an account in a timely manner when an individual's affiliation with the College is terminated or completed;
- following established policies and procedures and legal due process when violations are detected or suspected.

3. Access to Computer Systems Containing Sensitive and Protected Information
An individual who requires access to sensitive and protected information must be authorized by the data custodian responsible for the specific application. All contractors and vendors who have access to sensitive or protected information are required to sign confidentiality agreements prior to gaining such access. The data custodian is an individual officially appointed to authorize access to the system and ensure application-specific security. Authorization will only be granted to those individuals with a demonstrated need to use such information and/or electronic processes and who has taken the required training applicable to the system being requested. The data custodian will advise the individual on the system specific process used to authorize and gain access to the requested system. The data custodian or designee must review and approve each request for access to a specific system, ensure that all required training has been taken prior
to granting access, and authorizes access based on the user’s business need and role in accordance with application-specific access procedures. Contact IT for list of Data custodians.

3.1. Remote Access
For the purposes of this Policy, “remote access” is defined as any means by which any faculty, staff, student employee, consultant, vendor or affiliate connects to the Northern Network using a non-Northern network device or service to access sensitive or protected information. This provision applies regardless of the type of device being used or if the device is College owned or personally owned. IT, department heads, designees and users share the responsibility for ensuring appropriate security mechanisms are in place to preserve the integrity of the network, to preserve the data transmitted over that network, and to maintain the level of confidentiality of the data at all times. Because of the increased level of risk inherent with remote access, strong security measures are required. When a user accesses sensitive or protected information remotely, identification and authentication of the user shall be performed in such a manner as to not disclose the password or other authentication information that could be intercepted and used by a third party.

3.1.1. Approval for Remote Access
Users will be allowed to access to sensitive or protected information from a remote location only upon approval by the data custodian. Once approved, the user is responsible for ensuring adequate security measures are in place at the remote location for secure transmission of agency data and protection of College computing resources. IT can assist the user in identifying the appropriate protection mechanisms necessary to protect against theft of College resources, unauthorized disclosure of information, and unauthorized access to the College network. The user is responsible for ensuring devices used for remote access are protected by a firewall and virus scans, and contain all up-to-date security patches.

Northern recommends that users leave data on Northern servers as much as possible and not copy sensitive data onto any mobile computing device. Storage of sensitive data and protected information on a non-Northern computer is prohibited unless a formal written exemption is granted by the data custodian. When stored remotely on a Northern computing device the data must be encrypted.

3.1.2. Sensitive Data
Users should be especially careful with the following types of data:

- confidential financial information
- account names and passwords
- social security and/or credit card numbers
- personal contact names and phone numbers
- decryption keys or pass-phrases

4. System Protection
Department heads are responsible for protecting the systems under their control from system intrusion, compromise, or data loss.
4.1. Virus Protection
Virus detection and elimination software is essential to protect College data and systems. Department heads, or designees are responsible for maintaining the latest version of an antiviral software and current updates on their computers. Systems must have active virus protection turned on with each system scanned regularly. Assistance with virus protection and software are available from IT at.

4.2. Privacy and Confidentiality
Department heads, or designees must take appropriate measures to ensure privacy and confidentiality of system data in accordance with applicable laws and policies such as:

- “Social Security Numbers” Policy 2030
- “Identify Theft Protection Program” Policy 2040
- “Information Security” Policy 2550
- Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974
- New Mexico Inspection of Public Records Act

4.3. System Integrity
Department heads, or designees may monitor and investigate systems or jobs under their control for appropriate use of resources, to protect or improve system performance, or in compliance with audit or legal requests. Jobs, procedures, and/or functions may be restricted or limited to ensure system integrity. Departments must maintain current versions of system software and security patches, especially when there are known security issues.

4.4. Data Loss Protection
For all computing systems that store or process sensitive or protected information department heads or designees are responsible for developing, maintaining and executing backup, off-site storage and disaster recovery procedures for computerized College information.

4.5. Records Management
Department heads, or designees are responsible for computerized data retention and backup procedures that comply with College Records Management requirements for classification and retention of College information.

5. Security Violation Handling
Department heads, or designees should detect and correct any non-compliance with this and other College computer policies. In addition to following any College or department-mandated security incident reporting process, any and all employees, faculty, or staff who reasonably believe:

- there has been a breach to any College computer application or system, there has been a breach to Northern’s computer security controls (i.e. a computer has been hacked or somehow has been compromised by an unauthorized person), or
there has been a violation of this Policy are required to report the incident, within
twenty-four (24) hours of becoming aware of the violation or breach, to the
Northern IT Director or the Northern Security Office.

All investigations should follow proper investigative procedures to ensure
confidentiality and due process. Any employee who detects or suspects non-
compliance should report such conduct to the department head.

6. User Responsibility and Accountability

Users are responsible for proper use and protection of College information and are prohibited
from sharing information with unauthorized individuals. The web-based information systems
allow an authorized user the ability to complete transactions directly on-line and forward the
forms to the appropriate administrators for approval. By completing a form on-line, the user
accepts responsibility to follow all applicable policies and procedures.

7. Sanctions

Employees who do not demonstrate due care in the administration of their duties as required by
this Policy may be subject to sanctions, including withdrawal of privilege to enter information
directly into the system; and/or disciplinary action, up to and including, discharge.

2530

Text Messaging Notification Policy

1. General

The increasing and almost universal use of mobile phones has opened up a new avenue of
opportunity for communication between NNMC and its staff and students.
This policy sets out the way in which NNMC will use Short Message Service (SMS) text
messaging appropriately to pass on important information to staff and students. The use of SMS
messaging is intended to sit alongside other existing forms of communication such as letters,
email, social networking sites (Facebook and Twitter) and the College’s website. The immediate
delivery of SMS messages gives it an advantage over other forms of communication: most
students have their mobile phones with them all the time and the message is likely to be received
much sooner.

Text messaging has wide accessibility. People who are blind or visually impaired can use
mobile phones, and some mobile phones have text-to-speech capability, meaning that individuals
can listen to text messages.

Data Protection and privacy issues have been taken into account in preparing this policy. In some
cases, people will be asked if they wish to ‘opt-in’ to receive particular types of messages. In
others, for example where messages are sent for administrative purposes, people will be asked if
they wish to ‘opt-out’. However, there may be emergency circumstances in which NNMC will
need to contact as many staff and students as possible, ignoring personal preferences (which is
permissible if it is in the ‘vital interests of the data subject’ – Data Protection Act Schedule 2(4)).
Phone numbers may be stored by third parties for the purpose of sending messages, but names will not be stored. There may, very rarely, be the need to send a message for test purposes.

There are a number of scenarios in which an SMS message could be very useful, e.g.

- **Emergencies:**
  - An outbreak amongst the student population
  - A fire, flood, or similar incident in a College building
  - Any serious crime or terrorism incidents

- **Work-related incidents:**
  - Messages to support staff about equipment/environment failures

- **Other usage:**
  - Lecture room changes.

However, the usefulness of text messaging depends on having reliable data. The mobile numbers will be taken from data collected from staff and student databases so it is important that these phone numbers are kept up to date. This will be achieved by means of email reminders or Portal announcements to staff and students to keep their details up to date and directions for how to do so.

### 2. Emergencies

#### 2.1 Scope

Messages whose content is deemed to be essential or urgent.

#### 2.2 When is it appropriate?

Incident and crisis management is handled by a team of senior managers. The team may decide a text message is appropriate whenever it is considered important to contact a group of people urgently for reasons of health or safety.

It should be noted that there is no guarantee that text messages will be delivered promptly or at all by the mobile phone companies. In some types of emergency, e.g. a terrorist incident, the emergency services may commandeer the mobile phone network, so no messages will get through.

Simultaneous, multiple approaches are essential. Text messages must be supplemented by other means of communication, such as emails, messages issued via Facebook or Twitter or information posted on the College website, to ensure that as many of the target audience as possible receive the message.

#### 2.3 Approvers

A request to send a message to one of the College-wide lists must be approved by the President of the College, or her designated authority to approve requests.

Authorization will be given for a message only if:

- it is considered that it is important to get the message to a significant number of the recipients as soon as possible;
- the content is both appropriate and factually correct;
- the message format meets the guidelines.
2.4 Target Groups

It is possible to send messages to the following groups:

- All staff, faculty and students
- All staff and faculty
- All students

Further groupings may be added in the future.

2.5 Format of message

Messages should be no longer than 160 characters and should address the student or staff member directly, i.e. as 'you'. They should include essential points, and should avoid 'text speak', e.g. write 'you', not 'u'; and 'for', not '4'. Non-Latin alphabet characters should be avoided, as they may decrease the maximum message size to 140 or even 70 characters.

2.5.1 Sender

All messages must start with the words 'Eagle Alert:' so that the recipients of the text can see that it is an official message from the College requiring their attention.

2.5.2 Subject

The message must clearly indicate what it concerns.

2.5.3 Where to get more information

The message should indicate where more information can be sought, e.g. 'see www.nnmc.edu' if the College’s website is operational, or 'check email for details'.

3. Work-related Incidents

3.1 Scope

Messages that are sent to one or more staff members relating to incidents at work. These could include, for example, alerts or work instructions relating to maintenance or equipment failures.

3.2 When is it appropriate?

A text message may be appropriate to communicate with a member of staff about matters relating to his or her job, where that person is likely to be moving around the campus, or 'on call'. It is impossible to give a definitive list of possible applications; the deciding factor has to be whether it is an effective means of communication.

3.3 Approvers

See 2.3 above

Authorization should be given for a particular message only if:

- the distribution list is appropriate, and
- the content is both appropriate and factually correct.

3.4 Recipients
Information Technology Department should ensure that the list of numbers is kept up to date and reviewed at least every semester. People issued with mobile phones by the College for work purposes may not opt-out of receiving text messages.

3.5 Format of message
- Messages should be no longer than 160 characters.
- The message must clearly indicate what it concerns.
- It should be clear who has sent the message.

4. Further Advice
Message senders need to be aware of:
- The principles of the Data Protection Act 1998 and the College’s guidance relating to security measures for safeguarding personal data.
  See security.nmcm.edu

STUDENT EMAIL

1. General
There is an increasing need for fast and efficient communication with currently enrolled students in order to conduct official business at the College. Each student has free access to a College network ID (NetID) and email account for use throughout the time the student is registered for classes. Accordingly, email is an available mechanism for formal communication by the College with students but is not the only official method of communication. Upon admission, students are required to obtain a Northern NetID and corresponding email account. The Northern email shall be considered an appropriate delivery method for official communication by Northern New Mexico College with students unless otherwise prohibited by law. Official communication includes, but is not limited to, academic deadline notifications, billing statements, and campus alerts. The College reserves the right to send official communications to students by email with the full expectation that students will receive email and read these emails in a timely fashion. Faculty will determine how to use electronic communication for instructional purposes, and specify their requirements in the course syllabus, which students must comply with.

2. Student Responsibilities
Students are responsible for:
- checking their email frequently (at a minimum of once per week) in order to stay current with College-related communications;
- ensuring there is sufficient space in their accounts for email to be delivered; and
- recognizing that certain communications may be time-imperative.
Students will not be held responsible for a substantial interruption in their ability to access a message if system malfunctions or other system-related problems prevent timely delivery of, or access to, that message (e.g. power outages or email system viruses). Students should check their email frequently to prevent problems caused by a brief system failure.
Students who choose to have their email forwarded to a private (unofficial) email address outside the official College net ID/email address (@nnmc.edu) do so at their own risk. The College is not responsible for any difficulties that may occur with privacy or security, in the proper or timely transmission, or in accessing email forwarded to any unofficial email address. Such problems will not absolve students of their responsibility to know and comply with the content of official communications sent to students' official Northern email addresses. Failure to check email frequently or email returned to the College with "mailbox full" or "user unknown" are not considered acceptable excuses for failing to know about and comply with official email communication.

Students should report problems with College email or access to the Help Desk @ 505.747.2259

2550 INFORMATION SECURITY

1. General
The College is committed to protecting and safeguarding all data and information that it creates, collects, generates, stores, and/or shares during the generation and transmission of knowledge as well as during the general operation and administration of the College. The College is also committed to complying with all federal and state laws pertaining to securing this data and information and preventing its disclosure to unauthorized individuals. These laws include, but are not limited to, the Financial Services Modernization Act of 1999, also known as the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act or GLBA. In 2003, the Federal Trade Commission (FTC) confirmed that higher education institutions are considered financial institutions under this federal law and promulgated the GLBA Safeguards Rule, 16 CFR Part 314, which requires higher education institutions to have an information security program to protect the confidentiality and integrity of personal information. This policy describes the basic components of the Northern Information Security Program which applies to employees (student, staff, and faculty), contractors, vendors, volunteers, and all other individuals who work with Northern data and information.

2. Northern Information Security Program
The Northern Information Security Program is designed to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of protected information; protect against anticipated threats or hazards to the security or integrity of such information; and protect against unauthorized access to or use of protected information that could result in substantial harm to any student, parent, employee, or customer of the College. This program includes the process for identification of risks and defines responsibilities for safeguarding information, monitoring the effectiveness of the safeguards, evaluating service providers, and updating the program itself.

2.1. Protected Information
The GLBA Safeguards Rule mandates that the Northern Information Security Program be designed to safeguard non-public, personally identifiable financial information

- that is provided to the College,
• results from any transaction with the consumer or any service performed for the consumer (i.e. students, faculty, staff, employees, associates, donors, patients), or
• is otherwise obtained by the College.

The Northern Information Security Program defines what specific data elements and information (and in what context) constitute to-be-protected non-public, personally identifiable financial information, which includes but is not limited to:
• social security numbers,
• credit card number, and
• bank routing and account numbers when used in conjunction with the account owner's name.

2.2. Information Security Plan Coordinator
The College Director of Information Technology is designated as the Information Security Program Coordinator, a specific role required by the GLBA. This position is responsible for:
• developing and implementing the Northern Information Security Program;
• identification of risks to confidentiality, integrity, and availability of protected information;
• designing and implementing appropriate safeguards;
• evaluating the security program; and
• making adjustments to reflect relevant developments or circumstances that may materially affect these safeguards, including changes in operations or the results of security testing and monitoring.

2.3. Risk Assessment
The Northern Information Security Program will include processes and procedures to assess the risk to the College’s information systems. Information systems include the hardware and software components of the computing infrastructure as well as individual personal computers, personal digital assistants, phones, servers, networks, and peripheral technologies used for the processing, storage, transmission, retrieval, and disposal of information. Risks to the College’s information systems extend beyond computer-related hardware and software to include, for example, hiring procedures; data handling procedures; individuals who have access to information systems and the data therein; and the buildings and equipment that contain any aspect of an information system including the transmission of protected information.

2.4. Employee Management and Training
The success of the Information Security Program depends largely on the employees who implement it. The Director of Information Technology will coordinate with deans, directors, and heads of departments that have access to protected information to evaluate the effectiveness of departmental procedures and practices relating to access to and use of protected information. The Northern Information Security Program details recommended administrative safeguards designed to train personnel, increase awareness, and reduce risks to the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of protected information such as:
• mandatory information assurance training;
• periodic audits to ensure individuals have only the appropriate level of
  information system access rights and permissions required to perform their jobs;
• periodic reviews of job descriptions and position requirements to ensure the
  appropriate levels of reference and background checks are conducted before
  hiring decisions are made;
• non-disclosure and confidentiality statements required when appropriate; and
• periodic evaluations of each individual's understanding of college and/or
  departmental data handling procedures.

2.6. Departmental Responsibilities
Deans, directors, and heads of departments that have access to protected information are
responsible for informing employees of ongoing updates to security measures, ensuring
employees have attended required information security training, and notifying
departmental computer system administrators and Information Technology Services
(ITS) when employees no longer require access due to reassignment or termination.

2.7. College-Wide Responsibilities
All breaches of information security must be reported immediately to campus safety and
security office or the IT department accordance with the procedures listed in the
NORTHERN Information Security Program.

3. Compliance by Service Providers
Service providers and/or contractors who provide services that may allow them to access
protected information must comply with the GLBA safeguard requirements, the College’s
Information Security Program, and applicable College policies listed herein. The College
Purchasing Department is responsible for reviewing prospective service providers and/or
contractors to ensure they have and will maintain appropriate safeguards for protected
information.

4. Monitoring and Testing
The Director of Information Technology will regularly monitor the Northern Information
Security Program and periodically test the required and recommended safeguards. Based on
these assessments, the Director of Information Technology will work with all appropriate
individuals to implement, correct, design, or improve safeguards.

5. Evaluation and Adjustment
The Director of Information Technology is responsible for adjusting the Northern Information
Security Program to ensure that the required and recommended administrative, physical, and
technical safeguards are appropriate to the College's size and complexity, the nature and scope of
its activities, and the sensitivity of the data and information the College handles.

2560
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (IT) GOVERNANCE

1. General
It is critical that the College's information technology (IT) resources, applications, and manpower be managed in a manner that enables the College to apply new technologies and adopt new processes effectively while enhancing and encouraging the innovation required for the College to excel in all aspects of its mission. To accomplish this goal, the following IT governance framework has been developed based on a collaborative model that includes formal input, review, and approval processes for decision making. This policy describes this framework and defines the roles and responsibilities of individuals and groups involved with IT governance to ensure effective input and decision-making pertaining to IT policies, standards, guidelines, processes, and procedures.

1.1. Information Technology Governed by this Policy
The term IT is applicable to a wide array of technology systems used at Northern, and for the purposes of this policy includes but is not limited to:
- Telecommunications and facilities infrastructure (e.g. voice and data networks and supporting cable plant).
- Computing (e.g. servers and development environments for productivity and high performance computing).
- Enterprise-wide applications and user services (e.g. Banner).
- Instructional technology (e.g. classroom media systems and services, distance learning).
- Video (e.g. CATV, video applications on the network, security video).
- Peripheral technologies (e.g. printing and scanning).

2. Roles and Responsibilities
Roles and responsibilities for the individuals and groups involved with IT Governance at NORTHERN are described in the following sections.

2.1. Northern IT Director
The IT Director provides leadership and direction for the College's shared information systems to include institution-wide strategic planning and budgeting for information technologies. The IT Director also oversees coordination of all IT-related functions across the College.

3. Overview of IT Policies, Standards, Guidelines, Processes, and Procedures
Policies, standards, guidelines, processes and procedures take a tiered approach to defining IT principles and providing IT-related direction to the College. The table below defines the differing levels of scope, authority, and compliance requirements for each category.

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<th>Scope</th>
<th>Approval</th>
<th>Communication</th>
<th>Compliance</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IT Policies</td>
<td>College-wide, high-level policy</td>
<td>Board of Regents</td>
<td>All faculty and staff and students where applicable</td>
<td>Violation could result in discharge or dismissal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IT Standards</td>
<td>College-wide or limited to a IT</td>
<td>President</td>
<td>All affected faculty, staff, and students</td>
<td>Violation could result in system damage, loss of IT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IT Guidelines</td>
<td>function-technically specific</td>
<td>privileges, and/or disciplinary action</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>College-wide or limited to a IT function-technically specific</td>
<td>President</td>
<td>All affected faculty, staff, and students</td>
<td>Violation could negatively impact performance</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IT Processes &amp; Procedures</td>
<td>Associated with an IT application or process-technically specific</td>
<td>Northern IT Director</td>
<td>Departmental faculty or staff responsible for IT application or process</td>
<td>Violation could result in incorrect results or outcomes</td>
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4. Northern IT Policies

Northern IT policies are designed to provide the College community with unifying statements that describe fundamental IT principles, the reasoning behind the principles, and institutional procedures necessary for implementation. They help ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations, enhance the College's mission, promote operational efficiencies, and/or reduce institutional risk.

4.1. Development

The development of effective policy statements requires both input from individuals who have extensive knowledge on the subject matter and input from individuals affected by the policy. Anyone wishing to propose an IT policy statement should send their request to the Northern IT Cabinet. If the Cabinet determines a need for a specific policy, it will assign individuals most closely involved with the subject matter to work with the Northern Policy Office to develop a preliminary draft. The preliminary draft will be reviewed by the IT Managers Council and then sent to the IT Agents Networking Group for comment. The Networking Group will forward their comments to the IT Managers Council for consideration. After the Council's review, the proposed policy is sent to the IT Cabinet and the IT Governance Council for endorsement. After endorsement, the Northern Policy Office will follow standard Northern protocol for approval of institutional policy. This protocol includes review by key areas selected based on the nature of the proposed policy, Deans Council, the President's Executive Cabinet, and the campus as a whole.

4.2. Approval and Communication

All Northern IT policies must be approved by the President in writing before distribution. Upon approval by the President the campus is notified of the new policy via email. Information concerning the policy will also be posted on the IT Director website.

4.3. Compliance

Northern IT policies contain governing principles that mandate or constrain actions and have College-wide application. The policy will state applicability to students, staff, faculty, and/or visitors and compliance is mandatory. If exceptions are allowed, the authority and procedure for requesting an exception will be delineated in the policy.
Individuals who fail to comply with College policy will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including discharge or dismissal from the College. Violations of IT policies should be reported to the Office of the IT Director.

4.4. Review and Revision
IT policies will be reviewed by the Policy & Procedure Committee periodically to ensure policies are up-to-date and meeting the needs of the College.

5. IT Standards
Northern IT standards are based on industry best practices designed to ensure that IT resources are effectively managed in support of the College's mission of education, research, and public service. IT standards define procedures, processes, and practices designed to provide an efficient, effective IT system; protect confidential information; minimize security risks; ensure compliance with federal and state laws and regulations, and facilitate an open, interoperable, accessible IT infrastructure that meets the needs of students, faculty, staff, and the College community.

5.1. Development
To ensure that IT standards effectively support the mission of the College and meet the needs of the College community, development of IT standards requires a broad base of participation and involvement of subject matter experts. Draft standards will be developed by the IT Managers Council and then sent to the IT Agents Networking Group for review and comment. The Networking Group will forward their comments to the IT Managers Council for consideration. The Council will publish the proposed standard on the IT Director website and solicit comments from the campus. The IT Managers Council will update the standard based on campus comment and submit it to the IT Cabinet for review.

5.2. Approval and Communication
IT standards must be approved by the IT Director in writing prior to distribution. Upon approval, ITS will notify all individuals impacted by the standard prior to its effective date and post the standard on the IT Director website. When a new IT standard is issued, the standard will indicate the timeframe for compliance, based on but not limited to, criticality, funding limitations, and/or equipment replacement cycles.

5.3. Compliance
The type of technology addressed in the standard will determine the groups or individuals required to comply with the standard. Some standards such as password standards will apply to all users, whereas others may apply only to system administrators. Each standard will define those individuals who are required to comply with the standard. Failure to comply with a standard may damage a system, risk security, result in loss of IT privileges, and/or disciplinary action. To request an exception to an IT standard, submit a written justification to the IT Director. Violations of IT standards should be reported to the Office of the IT Director.
6. IT Guidelines
IT guidelines are directives and specifications, similar to standards, but advisory in nature. In essence, IT guidelines constitute recommendations that are not binding; however, it should be noted that failure to comply with IT guidelines may result in damage to a system and/or inefficient processes.

6.1. Development
IT guidelines are developed by IT personnel in consultation with applicable users and based on industry practices.

6.2. Approval and Communication
IT guidelines must be approved by the IT Director in writing. Upon approval, the IT Director’s Office will notify all individuals impacted by the guidelines and post the guidelines on the IT Director’s website.

6.3. Compliance
IT guidelines are not mandatory, but failure to follow applicable IT guidelines may result in less effective system performance and may negatively impact an individual's job or academic performance.

7. IT Processes and Procedures
IT processes and procedures provide electronic and manual mechanisms for IT-related functions or job duties.

7.1. Development
IT processes and procedures are developed by IT personnel in conjunction with applicable administrative personnel and are generally developed at the departmental and unit levels.

7.2 Approval and Communication
IT processes and procedures are usually designed in the course of application development and are approved as part of the overall project approval. These processes and procedures are documented in accordance with industry standards and communicated in conjunction with the associated project.

7.3. Compliance
Compliance with IT processes and procedures is critical to the correct functioning of the selected application. Any problems or issues associated with an IT process or procedure should be reported to the IT Director.

7.4. Review and Revision
IT processes and procedures are reviewed periodically for applicability and accuracy and updated as required in accordance with the associated application approval protocols.

Colleges and departments may establish additional departmental IT policies, standards, guidelines, and processes provided they comply with College IT policies, standards, guidelines, and processes and are documented and communicated to departmental employees.

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SOCIAL MEDIA POLICY

Social media offers new ways for Northern New Mexico College (NNMC) to engage online with local, national and global communities. Northern recognizes the importance and benefits of communicating through social media and encourages the use of social media technology to enhance communication, collaboration, and information exchange in support of its mission, programs and initiatives.

To ensure appropriate and effective use of social media, Northern has developed a Social Media Policy and guidelines to properly portray, promote and protect the institution, and assist College entities in creating and managing official social media accounts. This policy also provides guidance on how to protect professional and personal reputations while using social media.

All information posted on social media sites is considered public information. Northern’s social media accounts are subject to review in accordance with College policies and applicable law to ensure that all interactions on behalf of Northern represent the College’s best interests.

It is up to each College entity, as well as individual faculty and staff members to choose whether to participate in social media communications. However, prior to creating a Northern social media account, a request must be submitted to Northern’s Communications and Marketing Office (NCAM) in order to be officially recognized and included in Northern’s Social Media Directory.

Northern’s social media policy requires that:

- Officially-recognized NNMC social media accounts be reviewed and approved through an application process.
- Each official NNMC social media account have responsible administrators assigned, including at least one member of Northern’s Communication’s Staff.
- Best practice guidelines for social media accounts be followed.
- Northern employees know and follow all applicable College policies and standards of professional conduct, local, state, and national laws, and terms and conditions imposed by each social media platform they use.

OFFICIAL NORTHERN SOCIAL MEDIA ACCOUNTS

Official Northern accounts are defined as any social media presence that represents Northern New Mexico College in an official capacity, including Colleges/departments, programs, faculty/staff/student organizations, and entities working on behalf of Northern. These social media accounts are the property of the College.

The following requirements apply to all official Northern social media accounts:
Officially-recognized Northern social media accounts must be approved through an application process.

Northern accounts must indicate that they are official in their descriptions. They must include “Northern,” “Northern New Mexico College” or “NNMC” in the account name, and follow the Northern New Mexico College Brand Standards.

Official Northern accounts must have at least one department/organization administrator and one Communications Office administrator at all times to ensure adherence to this policy.

Departments/organizations must provide the Communications Office with the names and contact information of account administrator(s) as well as any login information, including username, email and password. This information will be kept confidential and used for access during emergency situations. Account administrators should use an nnmc.edu email for their login when possible.

Should an administrator of an account leave the College for any reason or no longer wishes to be an account administrator, it is the department’s or organization’s responsibility to designate another account administrator and remove the former administrator’s permissions to the account.

Northern employees identified as account administrators are responsible for monitoring and managing the content of their social media accounts.

All official Northern social media accounts must comply with applicable College policies, including but not limited to: Respectful Campus, Freedom of Expression and Dissent, Communication/Security, Sexual Harassment, Workplace Harassment, Student Code of Conduct, FERPA, Faculty/Staff Personnel Policies.

Administrators are responsible for reporting and removing content that violates College policies or terms and conditions imposed by the respective social media (i.e. Facebook, Twitter, Instagram, etc.), including intellectual property, copyright and trademark laws. Learn more here: The Campus Guide to Copyright.

If you discover inappropriate or abusive behavior on an official Northern social media account, contact Northern’s Communication and Marketing Office (social@nnmc.edu) or Human Resources Department.

ETHICAL AND PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT ON SOCIAL MEDIA

Northern employees are expected to adhere to the same standards of professional behavior online as they would in the workplace. Laws and policies respecting contracting and conflict of interest, as well as applicable policies and guidelines for interacting with students, parents, alumni, donors, media and all other College constituents apply online just as they do in personal interactions. Personal communications made via social media are not exempt from the laws and regulations that govern personal liability across traditional forms of communication.

Northern employees must follow all applicable College policies, local, state, and national laws, and are fully responsible for what they post to social media sites.

Northern employees are expected to use good judgment about content, be respectful of their colleagues, and adhere to privacy laws. Posting confidential or proprietary information about the College, its staff or its students is prohibited.
- Misrepresentation of personal opinions as endorsed by the College or any of its organizations is strictly prohibited. Northern’s name or trademarks may not be used to endorse any opinion, product, private business, cause, or political candidate.
- By posting content to any social media site, individuals acknowledge that they own or otherwise have all rights necessary to lawfully use that content or that the use of the content is permitted by fair use.
- Individuals agree that they will not knowingly provide false or misleading information, and will indemnify and hold the College harmless for any claims resulting from the content.
- While Northern is committed to the protection of academic freedom and does not regularly review content posted to social media sites, it may do so as necessary, and with respect to any site maintained in the name of the College, may remove or cause the removal of any content for any lawful reason, including but not limited to content that it deems abusive, threatening, obscene, a violation of intellectual property rights or privacy laws, or otherwise tortious or illegal.
- Targeted abuse or harassment of Northern employees or students via any social media account, official or personal, may contribute to creating a hostile work or learning environment at the College, is materially disruptive, and will not be tolerated. Such behavior will be addressed in the same manner as other forms of harassment as defined in applicable Northern policies, including but not limited to: Respectful Campus, Sexual Harassment, Workplace Harassment, Student Code of Conduct, Faculty/Staff Personnel Policies.
- If you identify as Northern faculty or staff online, do not speak on behalf of Northern New Mexico College without the express permission of an appropriate supervisor.
- A disciplinary or other review may be initiated if an employee’s online behavior violates law or Northern’s policies or if the employee’s non-official or unauthorized online activity otherwise subjects the College to liability for such acts.
- Serious and repeated violations of Northern’s social media policy may lead to sanctions up to and including termination of employment as allowable by College policy.